BIG SANDY NEWS.

Aut inveniam viam, aut faciam.

VOL. III. NO. 16. LOUISA, LAWRENCE CO., KY., DECEMBER 8, 1887. M. F. CONLEY Publisher.

CURRENT TOPICS.

DAKOTA is forging ahead as a flax-growing section.

ONLY thirty-seven widows of the Revolution are left.

THERE are now 55,157 postmasters in the United States.

THE Queen of Italy owns half a million pure white pearls.

MUSHROOMS that weigh seven pounds grow in the Tyrol.

THERE is a growing demand for American apples in England.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND drinks wine at dinner, very sparingly.

GEORGIA critic on a homely bride: "Her face would wean a calf."

THE postmaster at Winterport, Me., is appropriately named Snow.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND is to take lessons in horseback riding this winter.

SIXTY th sand orange trees are on their way from Japan to California.

WASHINGTON has one hundred and forty miles of streets with shade trees on both sides.

THERE are indications of a renewal of the agitation in favor of a government telegraph.

THERE are millions of wild geese in Dakota, this season, attracted by the numerous lakes.

THE outlook for the Florida orange crop, both as to supply and demand, is said to be very good.

THERE has been a complete reconciliation between the Empress Eugenie and Prince Victor Napoleon.

MRS. CLEVELAND is greatly liked by her house-servants, because of her kindly and gracious manner.

IT is said to cost fifty dollars to place a carcass of Chicago dressed beef in the markets of London.

BEFORE the close of the year every county in Kansas will have a completed line of railroad within its limits.

FOUR little girls acted as pall-bearers at the burial of one of their youthful playmates in Fond du Lac, Wis.

IT is said that the President sits down three times a day to one of the best served private tables in Washington.

A NEW YORK jury has decided that the keeper of a bucket-shop is the keeper of a gambling-house within the legal definition.

GREAT BRITAIN, the largest Empire in the world, comprises 8,557,658 square miles, more than a sixth part of the surface of the globe.

HEAVY rains have so advanced the ripening of the coffee berry in Mexico that the crop will be gathered earlier than usual.

SABELLA, Kan., contains among its inhabitants "Doc" Blodgett, who was born in a block house, in 1790, where Cincinnati is now.

IMMENSE numbers of fruit trees are being planted in Oregon and Washington Territory. They are chiefly prunes and Bartlett pears.

UNSCRUPULOUS sons-in-law are uncomfortable creatures for a man to have about, a fact of which President Grevy is becoming sorely convinced.

THE superintendent of the Philadelphia Mint expresses surprise at the steady demand for one cent pieces which began about eight months ago.

A RUNAWAY couple seated on the back of a small mule rode up to the court house at Milton, Fla., the other day, and were married by the county judge.

A COLORED woman at Jacksonville, Fla., has a baby which is half black and half white. One side of its face is black as a coal and the other side white.

BY the marriage of Senator Hawley the number of widowers in the upper house of Congress is reduced to three. They are Senators Gibson, Voorhees and Beck.

DURING the last seven months $145,000,000 of foreign capital have come into the United States. There is no other country in the world of which a like thing can be said.

THE total number of miles traveled in the whole United States mail service during the past year was 270,173,065, which was an increase of 5,016,728 miles over last year.

THERE were recently taken from one of the mounds near the Ohio river two silver crosses and thirty silver shoe buckles, the latter bearing the French crown and date of 1730.

THE former residents of Ohio, now living in Topeka, Kan., have organized a society and adopted for a motto, "The sun of Ohio never shone on the face of an ugly woman."

JACQUES WISHLER, the engraver who made nearly all the plates from which the bonds and money of the Confederate States were printed, is dead at his home in Camden, N. J.

PETROLEUM is being found in increasing quantities all over the islands of the Dutch East Indias, particularly in Java. Rich wells have also been discovered in Eastern Java.

FARMERS around Whatcom, Mon., complain that they are unable to protect themselves against the hordes of deer and antelope which ravage their orchards and destroy their grain fields.

HUSKING corn by means of a threshing machine is the new agricultural wrinkle, and it is getting to be very popular in some parts of the west. The corn is husked and shelled at the same time.

THE tanning of kangaroo skins is an important industry at Newark, N. J., about 6,000 hides being received there from Australia every week. Much of the leather is shipped to London and Paris.

PAPER bedclothes are made at a factory in New Jersey. They are doubled sheets of manilla paper, strengthened with twine, and valuable by reason of the peculiar properties of paper as a non-conductor of heat.

EDWARD WILMOT BLYDEN is perhaps the ablest negro in the world. He can read the Koran in Arabic, the Bible in Hebrew, Homer in Greek, Virgil in Latin, Shakspeare in English and Dante in Italian. Blyden is a complete Know-nothing and his cry is, "Africa for the Africans."

THERE is a good prospect now that there will be an enthusiastic centennial celebration in New York City in 1889 of the inauguration of George Washington as first President of the United States.

M. BLANCHET, in his recent work on the Panama Canal, states that the canal has already cost over 40,000 lives, and it is believed, by careful observers, that his estimate is no exaggeration of the truth.

THE presence of mind of a West Chester (Pa.) woman probably saved her life. Her clothing caught fire, and she immediately jumped into a barrel of water standing close by, extinguishing the flames.

THE SITUATION CRITCAL.

After Grevy Perhaps a Deluge of Blood.

The Very Existence of the French Republic Threatened.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—The problem of the Presidency of the French Republic grows more intricate daily. It is now almost absolutely certain that the Republican factions will not combine, though they can not fail to see that it will be worse for them if they don't, and the Republic is confronted by the greatest peril that has ever threatened its existence. President Grevy has expressed his determination to cling to his office until he knows who has been chosen as his successor, and it is further asserted that he will not allow the newly-elected President to succeed him unless he shall be a Conservative and entirely acceptable to a large majority of the Republicans, even going to the length of using military force to prevent his taking possession of the office. How far M. Grevy could carry out this programme no one can accurately judge, but all who know him believe that he would make the attempt at almost any odds if he believed himself justified therein. If M. Clemenceau should carry the election, or the Boulanger extremists succeed in electing the General through combinations with other sections, there will certainly be a row, and a bloody one, at that. The excitement is great, and party and factional feeling is wrought up to a point where the slightest thing may cause an outbreak. The commanders of the different army corps have received sealed instructions, which they are to open in the event of an outbreak following the election of a new President. A movement is spreading among members of the Right to propose Vice-Admiral Dompierre d'Hornoy, who is now a member of the Chamber of Deputies, for the Department of Somme, as a candidate for the Presidency. M. Deroulde to-day had an interview with President Grevy, in the course of which he disclosed the nature of the alleged Russian objections to M. Ferry becoming President. He said the grave and critical position of home affairs required that M. Grevy should retain his post. There was sure to be an insurrection, he said, if M. Ferry was elected. *La Lanterne* accuses the Ferryists of offering bribes right and left. The paper appeals to President Grevy to remain in office to save France. The latest in regard to the situation is that all efforts to induce President Grevy to remain in office have proved useless.

A GREAT SCHEME.

The Standard Oil Company to Pipe Chicago With New York.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 30.—A gigantic scheme of the Standard Oil Company, involving millions of dollars has just been unearthed here. It is nothing more nor less than a grand trunk pipe line from Chicago to New York by way of the Ohio and Pennsylvania oil fields. The pipe line, when completed, will be nearly 1,000 miles long and will cost at least $5,000,000. It will connect the Ohio and the Pennsylvania fields, and oil can be piped eastward or westward as desired. The Standard Company has already commenced to lease the right of way through Ohio and Indiana. Thousands of the best oil lands have been secured, and the intention is to develop and test all the country between Chicago and Lima, O. The step was made necessary by the high railroad rates consequent upon the carrying into effect of the inter-State commerce law, and the intention of the Standard Company is to utilize the oil piped to Chicago for fuel as well as for illuminating purposes.

Unusual Suicide of a Lady.

DAVENPORT, IA., Nov. 30.—Ben Cusley and Chas. A. Logan, two prominent young men of Oxford Junction, were rival suitors for the hand of Elizabeth Waterson, seventeen years old, daughter of a well-known farmer. The two young men met at the girl's house yesterday morning, when a desperate encounter ensued, the victor to have the prize. Cusley was finally successful, driving his rival off at the point of a revolver. Logan was the favorite with the girl, and yesterday afternoon she sent a bullet through her heart.

Quarter Million Dollar Fire.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 1.—The Strobridge Lithographing Company's building, together with contents, was totally destroyed by fire at half-past one this morning. Loss about $250,000; insurance, $150,000. The fire probably originated from spontaneous combustion. John Schuler, of the Hayes Ladder Company, was dangerously, if not fatally, injured.

Hard Blow to Labor.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—The Commissioner of Public Works has ordered that all work in the streets involving excavations shall be stopped for the winter at midnight tonight. The stoppage will throw six thousand men out of employment.

Colored People Protest.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The colored citizens of the District of Columbia have protested to President Cleveland and the commissioners against the conversion of an old house of prostitution into a school for colored children.

Whose Babes Were They?

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Nov. 30.—The bodies of thirteen infants, each about five months developed, were recently found in jars in the cellar of Aspinwall's drug store. They had apparently been there a long time. The police are inquiring into the matter. The store has had several owners during the past few years.

The Vote in Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Nov. 30.—Official figures of the recent election show that Governor Ames' plurality is 17,606 and his majority 5,968. The plurality for the Republican State ticket averages about 24,000.

Broke His Neck Diving.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 30.—Geo. Denham, captain of the British steamer Ocean King, jumped into Lake Pontchartrain to take a bath last evening. The water was shallow, and he broke his neck in diving, dying almost instantly.

Killed in a Quarrel.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Nov. 30.—Dr. McCullough was shot and instantly killed at Stevenson, Ala., by a farmer named Hicks yesterday. The men got into a quarrel, which resulted in a murder. Hicks made his escape.

REIGN OF TERROR.

Bloody Affray Between Whites and Negroes on Cat Island.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Dec. 1.—A reign of terror prevails in Cat Island, in Crittenden County, Ark., some twenty-five miles below Memphis, on the Mississippi river. Martin Thomas and Joe Hamlett, two residents of that neighborhood, arrived in Memphis this evening and brought intelligence of an affray which occurred this morning between whites and negroes, which resulted in the killing of two negroes and the wounding of several others. The origin of the affray grew out of the arrest of the negroes, who, it is alleged, insulted some white women yesterday. They were to be tried this morning before a negro justice of the peace. Their act had aroused the indignation of the whites and about a dozen each of both races met this afternoon at the preliminary investigation by the colored magistrate. As to who started the row nothing can be learned, but in the shooting that followed both the negroes under arrest were killed and two or three others of their friends wounded. The negroes fled, but after arming themselves prepared to return to the scene of the conflict. They fired at Thomas and Hamlett, who were in a skiff, and when last seen they were going in the direction of where their companions had been killed. The negroes on Cat Island outnumber the whites ten to one, and serious trouble is anticipated. It is impossible to gather further details to-night

SENSATIONAL WEDDING.

Interrupted by the Officiating Clergyman Himself, Who Makes a Startling Disclosure by Tearing a Mask from the Bride's Face.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 1.—A well-dressed couple drove to the residence of Rev. J. W. Bagley, pastor of the Tabernacle Church, Camden, N. J., last evening, and requested the minister to marry them. The marriage ceremony was commenced, the man giving his name as Joseph E. Ellem, of Overbrook, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, and the would-be bride that of Emma Pye, of the same place. Their answers were satisfactory, but the minister's suspicions were aroused by the fact that the woman kept her face heavily veiled, and positively refused to remove the veil when requested to do so. Finally, the minister pulled the veil from her face, and was astonished to find her features still concealed by a gauze mask. This he quickly tore off, and found the woman to be a negress, and a very black one at that. Mr. Bagley was indignant, and ordered them from the house at once. The man asked how much it would cost to keep the matter quiet, but the minister declined to shield him, and the couple left and took the ferry back to Philadelphia.

Grevy's Resignation Postponed.

PARIS, Dec. 1.—President Grevy this forenoon informed the Ministerial Council that in view of the change in the situation he did not propose to make a communication to Parliament to-day. It was announced yesterday that he would resign to-day. The *Official Gazette* publishes the withdrawal of the resignation of the Rouvier Cabinet. The withdrawal was made at the request of President Grevy.

PARIS, Dec. 1.—The announcement that President Grevy would not tender his resignation created a sensation in the Chambers. The Chambers thereupon voted a demand that he do so, and he will, in consequence, resign to-morrow.

Cholera in Italy.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—Mayor Hewitt to-day received from Secretary Bayard a letter to him from J. B. Stallo, the American Minister at Rome, upon the subject of clearing vessels from cholera-stricken ports in Italy. Mr. Stallo said that he had the assurance of Premier Crispi that cholera had entirely disappeared from Naples, and that the Italian Government would guard with the greatest care against a recurrence of the evils of which our Government had complained.

Public Debt Increased.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Treasurer Hyatt has returned to Washington from a business visit to Philadelphia and New York. He says that the debt statement, to be issued this afternoon, will show an increase of a little more than a million dollars in the public debt since November 1, mainly attributable, in his opinion, to the unusually large disbursements for pensions, etc., during the month.

His Wife Saw Him Ground to Death.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, IA., Dec. 1.—Samuel A. Anderson, an employe of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad, was run over and instantly killed yesterday. He attempted to step on the foot-board of a switch engine, missed his footing and fell across the rails. The accident occurred within fifty feet of his home, and was witnessed by his wife, who will probably lose her mind.

Garfield Day in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 1.—The statue of President Garfield, erected at Garfield Place, was unveiled with appropriate ceremonies to-day. Hon. Ezra B. Taylor, Governor Foraker and Hon. Samuel F. Hunt were the orators of the day. President Garfield is represented in the act of delivering his inaugural address.

Rains in Western Texas.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., Dec. 1.—General rains began falling this morning throughout Western Texas, extending nearly five hundred miles west of here and south to the Rio Grande. The rain was badly needed throughout this vast grazing district. The indications point to a copious fall.

Methodist Minister Killed.

IROQUOIS, ILL., Dec. 1.—The Rev. Mr. Grubar, of the Methodist Church, in attempting to get out of the way of a freight train yesterday afternoon, got in the way of a passenger train, which ran over him, crushing his skull and terribly mangling his body.

Earthquake in England.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—A shock of earthquake was felt at Chorley, County of Lancaster, at seven o'clock this morning. A rumbling noise accompanied the shock. Buildings shook, and people left their houses greatly frightened. No serious damage was done.

Child Fatally Burned.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Dec. 1.—Wm. Cummings' three-year-old daughter was burned to death at Pikeville to-day. Her clothes caught fire from a grate, and before the flames could be extinguished she was roasted alive.

PRESIDENT GREVY,

Under Pressure, Steps Down and Out.

A Serious Riot Takes Place in the Place de La Concorde.

PARIS, Dec. 2.—President Grevy's message resigning the Presidency of the Republic has been read in the Chamber of Deputies. In it M. Grevy says he regards the votes taken in the Senate Chamber of Deputies yesterday as a decisive demonstration necessitating his resignation. After recalling his services to the country, which assured tranquility at home and peace abroad, he declares that he leaves office with a feeling of sadness, while declining to be responsible for future events. At 1:25 p. m. crowds were in front of the Chamber of Deputies. The police cleared the approaches to the building and stopped traffic in the vicinity. The Deputies received the message with profound silence. M. Floquet read a letter from the President of the Senate summoning a congress of the two Chambers at Versailles to-morrow for the purpose of electing a new President. The sitting then closed amid cries of "Vive la Republique."

PARIS, Dec. 3.—Some serious rioting occurred in the Place de La Concorde last evening. The mounted guard charged the crowd, and several revolver shots were fired at the police. Later they were reinforced with infantry, and a fresh charge was made, when sixty persons were injured. A Socialist meeting was held in Salle Favie last evening. Violent speeches were made, and the crowd shouted, "A bas Ferry!" "Vive Boulanger," etc. Madame de Freycinet visited Madame Grevy yesterday.

BLOWN TO ATOMS.

Tremendous Explosion of a Locomotive's Boiler—Three of the Crew Killed and Two Fatally Injured.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Dec. 2.—The locomotive of a freight train on the Philadelphia and Reading railroad exploded this morning near East Mahoney Junction. Alexander Walker, the engineer, was instantly killed, and the fireman and two brakemen so severely injured that they died while being taken home. The victims all lived at Tamaqua. The engine was standing on a siding. The morning being cold the crew congregated in the cab. Alexander Walker, engineer, was literally blown to atoms. Albert Guiner, fireman, was blown eighty feet in the air and instantly killed. Wallace Ettinger, brakeman, terribly mangled and instantly killed. David Pifueger, brakeman, was terribly scalded about the head and had his shoulder broken. Jos. Reifsnyder, the conductor, was badly injured about the head. The two latter are still living this evening, but their injuries are believed to be fatal. The engine was practically annihilated. The cause of the explosion is not known.

Statement of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—A statement prepared at the Treasury department shows that during November there was a net increase $2,360,667 in circulation, and a net increase of $8,871,746 in cash in the Treasury. Total circulation December 1, $1,368,873,016; total cash in the Treasury $617,571,748. The increase in circulation is in silver certificates, gold coin, standard silver dollars and subsidiary silver in the order named. The circulation of gold certificates, U. S. notes, National bank notes, has decreased considerably since November 1. The increase in cash, in gold certificates, standard silver dollars, silver certificates, U. S. notes and gold bullion are in order named. Holdings of national bank notes, silver bullion, gold coin and subsidiary silver decreased during the month in the order named.

A Wedding Romance.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Dec. 2.—A romance culminated in a wedding here last night. A year ago Miss Mattie Leeds, of Hall avenue, wrote a business letter to California, which fell into the hands of R. M. Plaskett, a wealthy business man at Jolem, who answered it. The business correspondence grew into one of love. Photographs were exchanged, an engagement followed, and Plaskett came here last night and in two hours after meeting Miss Leeds the couple were married. They leave for California to-morrow.

The Pincher Arrested.

DETROIT, MICH., Dec. 2.—For several weeks past a man has terrified women in the eastern part of the town by pinching them on the body. He would suddenly dart into a crowd, grab a woman, pinch her vigorously, and then run away. To-day a man named John Ward was arrested on a charge of attacking and pinching a woman living on Staubin avenue, having previously gone to her house and asked for something to eat. Ward denies the charge. The police think they have now found the pincher.

Convicted Murderers Ready to Escape.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Dan Driscoll, for the murder of Beezy Gerrity, was to-day sentenced to hang Friday, the 20th of January next. It has been discovered that Discroll and Daniel Lyons, in adjoining cells in the Tombs, under sentence of death for murder, had sawed off the bars of their cell preparatory to making their escape.

Champion Smuggler Killed.

BROWNSVILLE, TEX., Dec. 2.—It is learned that Marinda Resendes, the famous Mexican smuggler, was captured on Tuesday by Mexican cavalrymen and shot to death. Resendes was but twenty-six years of age, but had taken thousands of dollars' worth of smuggled goods into Mexico. He was captured while on a visit to his wife.

Merchant Acquitted of Arson.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 2.—The trial of Joseph D. Thyng, the Main street shoe dealer, on trial for arson, was concluded this morning, and resulted in a verdict of "not guilty."

Jack Nimons Hanged.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 2.—Jack Nimons, colored, was hanged at Mount Pleasant, Berkley County, this morning, for the murder of Mike Plottkin, an Isrealite merchant, at Holly Hall, in February last. The drop fell at 6 o'clock a. m. His neck was broken.

Will Join "Blinky."

RAVENNA, O., Dec. 2.—John Coughlin, on trial here, was convicted of murder in the first degree. Coughlin was one of the "Blinky" Morgan gang. A motion for a new trial was filed

SOMNAMBULISM.

Strange Case of a Widow at Wilkesbarre, Pennsylvania.

WILKESBARRE, PA., Dec. 4.—A curious case of somnambulism has come to light in this city. Mrs. C. E. Eldridge is the name of a widow residing on North Main street, this city. On three different occasions last week the lady arose from her bed and walked in her sleep. On the first night she was leaving the house dressed only in her night-clothes. A night printer who was returning home from work asked Mrs. Eldridge where she was going. She said she was on her way to church and must hurry, as she was late. The next night the woman got out through a trap-door on the roof of the dwelling and walked over the roofs of a block of houses. A policeman was almost scared to death at the sight of the white figure on the roofs, Mrs. Eldridge was finally rescued. Last night it was thought that the nervous excitement was over, but, to make sure that the woman should not make her escape again, a daughter was placed in the same room with her and the door locked. About four o'clock this morning the daughter discovered that her mother had left the house. The police were notified, and after a long search the woman was found wandering around among the tombstones in Hollenback Cemetery. She was fast asleep and was dressed in her night-clothes. She was almost frozen to death.

FURIOUS MOB.

Three Prisoners Taken From a Mississippi Jail and Riddled With Bullets.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Dec. 4.—A mob variously estimated at from twenty-five to seventy-five in number rode into the little town of Charleston, Miss., about fifty miles from this city, about nine o'clock Saturday night, and, surrounding the jail, at the point of a revolver forced Jailer Vance to unlock the cells in which were confined Joe Tribble, Monroe Harris and Charles Taylor, three negroes who were confined, pending the action of the grand jury, on the charge of attempting to assassinate a white man named Frank Mountz, about three weeks ago. The mob carried the three prisoners about one mile from the town and shot Charles Taylor and Monroe Harris to death, leaving the two bodies lying in the road riddled with buckshot. What they did with Joe Tribble is not known, but it is believed that he also was killed.

France's New President.

VERSAILLES, Dec. 4.—Sadi-Carnot was elected President of France on the second ballot yesterday. He received 616 votes, General Saussier 186, Ferry 11, DeFreycinet 5, General Appert 5 and M. Pyat 1. The result was well received throughout France, and no disorder occurred.

PARIS, Dec. 4.—President Sadi-Carnot was to-day installed in the Elysee Palace. The German, Russian and Austrian Ambassadors expressed to M. Rouvier their satisfaction with the result of the election. The Pope is well pleased.

Mad Dog Bites Four Persons.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Dec. 4.—Calamity has befallen William Baxter, his two sons and a neighbor named Douglas. They live ten miles northwest of this city. Yesterday morning a mad dog attacked the four persons and bit each one of them. The brute tore off the flesh from one of William Baxter's hands before he attacked his sons and Douglas. The dog has been running at large for three weeks. Fifteen days ago he bit a lot of geese, and they have all died. The dog has not been killed.

Coal Famine in Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, MO., Dec. 4.—It is said that an alarming scarcity of coal exists in Western Kansas, and that the famine is due partially to the refusal of the Atchison and Topeka road to furnish a sufficient number of cars. The citizen's threaten to help themselves to the company's coal unless they at once render assistance. At Garden City yesterday a train was side-tracked and relieved of some of the coal.

Blew Off His Wife's Head.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Dec. 4.—At two o'clock yesterday afternoon a man named Howe, living near Reimer's brewery, in West St. Paul, blew off the top of his wife's head with a shotgun, killing her instantly. He at once proceeded to the police station and gave himself up. He claims that he was cleaning the gun, when it went off accidentally.

Colonel Green Acquitted.

LEXINGTON, KY., Dec. 4.—The case of Colonel Green for the killing of Baldwin was yesterday concluded by the judge's decision that Colonel Green was justifiable in his act, and that, as a matter of self-defense, he was not entitled to be held over to any further courts. Colonel Green left for his Maysville home at once.

Dr. Parker Returns That Money.

BROOKLYN, Dec. 4.—Rev. Jos. Parker yesterday sent to the secretary of the Beecher Monument Fund a check for $700, the amount received by him for his expenses in coming to America and delivering the eulogy upon the late Mr. Beecher.

Coal Miners Kill Each Other.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 4.—John Davidson and Wm. Crow, coal miners living three miles from Carrollton, Ill., quarreled last night, and in a fight that ensued Crow was stabbed to death with a knife, and Davidson received three pistol wounds, and is no doubt now dead.

Boodlery in Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 4.—The outcome of an investigation of Alderman Looney indicates the exposure of a huge boodlers' ring, in which several of the aldermen and city officials are concerned. It is charged also that the mayor had a finger in the mess.

Too Much Moonshine.

CORINTH, MISS., Dec. 4.—Lane Wiley and Finch Kiley, persistent makers of "moonshine" whisky, were arrested by Government officers yesterday.

—A Connecticut boarding-house keeper gives his boarders cigars after dinner. But this is no exception to the popular belief that there is nothing new under the sun. Boarding-house keepers have served cabbage before now, but in a different shape.—*Yonkers Statesman.*

—There is no period of a girl's life at which she is not beautiful and charming and all that, but it must be confessed that it is as a bride that she takes the cake.—*Nashville American.*

BANKING AND FARMING.

Two Interesting Public Reports—The Comptroller's Statement of the Condition of the National Banks—Commissioner Coleman's Work in the Agricultural Department.

THE NATIONAL BANKS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The annual report of the Comptroller of the Currency shows that the total number of National banks organized up to October 31 was 3,835, of which 625 have gone into voluntary liquidation, 119 have failed, leaving in operation at that date 3,061. The total number of new banks formed during the last year was 225; total number closed during the year, 33, of which 25 went into voluntary liquidation and 8 failed.

The gross increase in National-bank capital during the year amounted to $36,894,775, of which $3,868,035 represents an increase of capital by banks existing November 1, 1886. There was, however, a decrease of capital of $6,322,450, of which $4,087,450 was the aggregate capital of the thirty-three banks which went into voluntary liquidation and failed, and the remainder represents a decrease of capital by banks still in operation. The net increase of capital for the year is, therefore, $30,572,325

On the other hand there is a net decrease of $50,495,590 in the circulation represented by bonds. The decrease resulting from the surrender of circulation by banks still in operation is $57,770,475, and the decrease caused by banks going into voluntary liquidation and failing is $1,274,380, making a gross decrease of $59,044,833, offset by a total increase of $8,549,265, which consists of an increase by the formation of new banks of $4,592,090 and an increase of circulation by previously existing banks to the amount of $3,957,175.

In the cases of four of the five banks which failed the creditors have received principal and interest in full, and in the case of the fifth the total of dividends amounts to 81 per cent. The total amount of money paid in dividends during the last year is $12,106,203; whole amount paid to creditors of insolvent banks since the system has been in operation is $29,434,936, upon proved claims amounting to $46,938,588; total assessments on stockholders, $9,945,250, of which gross collections have amounted to $4,682,563.

The Comptroller submits a codification of the banking laws. He recommends that the minimum amount of bonds to be deposited by a bank as security for circulation shall be 10 per cent. of the capital of banks not over $250,000, and $25,000 for banks of which the capital exceeds $250,000; also that the semi-annual duty on circulation be hereafter charged only on the amount issued upon bonds deposited in excess of the minimum amount as above; also that the National-bank notes be counted as a part of the lawful reserve of banks.

The existing laws as to the responsibility of officers of banks are modified by this code so as to avoid existing obstacles to their prompt enforcement. The restriction on banks as to making loans in excess of 10 per cent. of capital to any one party is modified in respect to loans upon collateral security and the total limit is raised to 20 per cent. of capital and surplus. The provisions as to reserve upon deposits are modified so as not to include Government deposits, and the provision as to State taxation of National banks is also modified.

THE FIGHT AGAINST PLEURO.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The annual report of the Commissioner of Agriculture says that the Governors of thirty-one States and Territories have accepted the rules and regulations of the Bureau of Animal Industry in regard to pleuro-pneumonia and promised the assistance of local police officers to secure their enforcement. In addition the Legislatures of Rhode Island, Virginia, New York and Illinois have enacted laws providing for co-operation. The worst infected counties, the report says, and those from which there was most danger of the spread of the disease—viz., those in the neighborhood of New York, Chicago and Baltimore—have been placed in quarantine and no cattle allowed to leave them without a permit issued after a special examination. By this means new outbreaks have been almost entirely prevented.

From the beginning of the work for the eradication of this disease, in August, 1883, to October 31, 1887, the inspectors of the bureau have inspected 15,387 herds, containing 117,480 animals, in districts where the plague was supposed to exist. Among these there were found 798 infected herds, containing 10,766 animals, of which 2,235 were affected with pleuro-pneumonia. These figures do not include 2,873 head of cattle in the distillery stables of Chicago, nearly half of which were deceased. The number of animals found affected by this disease and the number of infected herds were much greater than had been anticipated, and the work for its control has subsequently required a correspondingly larger force and greater expenditure of money. The progress made, however, has been very satisfactory, and the appropriation has been found sufficient to meet the demands made upon it.

The Commissioner expresses regret at the unavoidable loss inflicted on the farmers of Illinois by the cattle quarantine, and adds:

"There has not been a time in years when this malady has been confined to such restricted areas as at present, and, consequently, the conditions are very favorable for its complete eradication. If the State authorities continue their co-operation as at present, which there is every reason to expect, and if an appropriation is made by Congress equal to that of the present fiscal year, and with authority for its similar use, it is believed that this dangerous plague can be exterminated by the end of the next fiscal year."

The Commissioner says it is yet too early to make an official statement of the results in detail of the present year's experiments in the development of sorghum-sugar manufacture, but that enough is known already to enable this country to anticipate an early success of the enterprise.

The experiments in silk-reeling have not yet reached the point of paying their own expenses, but that was hardly to be hoped for with a plant so limited. Another year's experience, it is expected, will show what can be done under favorable conditions.

The Commissioner recommends that the Public Printer be authorized to furnish to the agricultural press of the country at the mere cost of labor and material electrotypes of such illustrations of the department as the editors may desire, and that the duties of the seed division be transferred to State and Territorial experiment stations. The Commissioner disapproves of the efforts to make his department an Executive department with a Cabinet Minister at its head. He says that the building of reservoirs among the Rocky Mountains for the storage of an immense volume of water now wasted should command the early attention of Congress.

A Hotel and Nine Other Buildings in Brookville Destroyed by Fire—Four Lives Lost.

BROOKVILLE, Kan., Dec. 2.—The Lawrence Hotel, six business houses and three dwellings burned here at 1 o'clock yesterday morning. Four men, Fireman Brimer, of Wamego; Brakeman Harrigan, of Wamego; Mr. Farnsworth, of Lincoln, and an unknown man, were burned to death. Charles Moss, of Tower Springs, Kan., was badly burned, and will probably die. The guests of the hotel were obliged to jump from the second-story windows. The total loss is $22,000 and the insurance $5,000. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Several Men Badly Hurt Near Dodgeville, Wis., One of Whom May Die.

DODGEVILLE, Wis., Dec. 2.—Four men were badly hurt, one of them fatally, it is thought, and others were severely shocked and bruised by an explosion near the Blotz mill, two and a half miles from here, on the Neeport, Dodgeville & Northern railroad.

The men were working in a twenty-five-foot cut. A small rock dropped into a blasting hole containing seven kegs of powder, and in trying to dislodge it with an iron bar the powder was ignited. The men at the blast were blown high into the air, but not seriously hurt, while those in the pit were buried beneath a mass of rocks and dirt.

FASHION LETTER.

An Endless Variety Without Any Special Features.

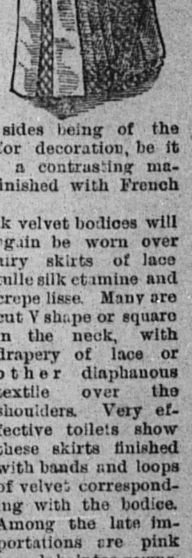
[New York Special Correspondence.]

What particularly characterizes the fashions of the present seems to be an entire and perplexing lack of characteristics. The endless variety displayed in every department of dress, and the minute gradations that fill the degrees between widely differing styles, prevent the attention from being directed to special features, and render it a matter of no little difficulty and discrimination to separate essentials from among the mass of details, and to select and decide upon modes and fabrics for citation, which shall be typical of a class. Promenade costumes remain in most instances extremely simple in style, yet for those who have already tired of the very severe tailor-made gown, are produced many elaborate costumes.

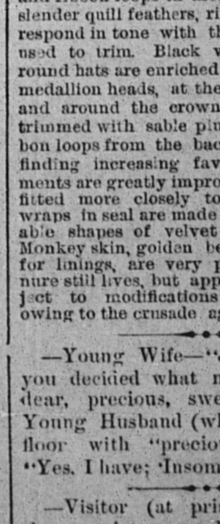
Plaid velvet and plain plush lower skirts will find great favor this winter, and, instead of appearing as a panel on one side, they are made full, and show on both sides of the tunic-drapery and up the middle of the back. English tailors are designing new wool gowns in broadcloth, camels hair and the like, with plain skirts made very bouffant and full at the back, with a band of rich fur at the foot of the skirt. The long Russian polonaise falls straight in panel effect over this skirt, with open space on one side or both, or else it may be lightly draped in front. In this case it is caught up in a careless fashion on one side and held by silk cord ornaments. The former model, designed for a leading New York fashion journal, is here illustrated.

The elegant short dresses for visiting and reception toilets sent out, show a combination of two kinds of velvet, or else of camels hair or India cashmere, with velvet; or of faille francaise combined with velvet striped moire. Among the novelties are braided stripes woven in bold relief to represent rows of braid-work sewed to the fabric. Wide stripes are formed of six or eight rows of what appears to be soutache of rich handiwork in silk applique, but is in fact woven into the background, these groups of stripes separated by plain strips of diagonal fabric, the braid in black on terra cotta, Russian green, rosewood, dahlia, and all the bronze and golden brown shades. Superb silk cord ornaments are seen upon the stylish cloth coats made by fashionable tailors and modistes, and to these are added fur trimmings of martin, beaver, blue fox or Persian lamb skin. These are noted on the new velvet-like cloths now used for jackets, and a coat of this description costs considerably more than a plainly-made and trimmed confection of Lyons velvet.

Basques and bodices are gradually being lengthened to cover the hips still more deeply. The vest, the plastron, the separate waistcoat, the demure nun's corsage lapping from right to left, and revers of every shape and kind are seen on the newest Paris dresses. It is almost impossible to make the front of the bodice too dressy in effect, or to go far astray in the design. The broad and showy directoire revers give the effect of breadth, and are seen alike on the richest and simplest gowns. Collars remain high and close, often to exaggeration, and are often made of two fabrics, the one in front matching the vest or plastron, the one on the back and sides being of the third material used for decoration, be it braiding, embroidery, a contrasting material or corded silk finished with French pipings.



In evening dress dark velvet bodices will again be worn over airy skirts of lace tulle silk etamine and crepe lisse. Many are cut V shape or square in the neck, with drapery of lace or other diaphanous textile over the shoulders. Very effective toilets show these skirts finished with bands and loops of velvet corresponding with the bodice. Among the late importations are pink camels hair tea gowns, silk embroidered and trimmed with narrow bands of dark fur. Fancy muffs made to match the toilet, and formed of a combination of materials, are small and compact.



Muffs of fur are much larger in size.

Large hats and small princesse bonnets take the lead in popularity. Changeable velvet is much used for dressy head gear, and ribbon loops in moire and satin; and slender quill feathers, richly shaded to correspond in tone with the shot velvet, are used to trim. Black velvet bonnets and round hats are enriched with bands of jet medallion heads, at the edge of the brim and around the crown. The hat is then trimmed with sable plumes and long ribbon loops from the back, a style that is finding increasing favor. Seal-skin garments are greatly improved in shape, being fitted more closely to the form. Short wraps in seal are made in all the fashionable shapes of velvet or plush mantles. Monkey skin, golden beaver, and blue fox for linings, are very popular. The tournure still lives, but appears, just now, subject to modifications and repressions, owing to the crusade against it. C. D. F.

—Young Wife—"John, dear, have you decided what name to give our dear, precious, sweet little baby?" Young Husband (who has paced the floor with "precious" o' nights) "Yes, I have; 'Insomnia.'"

—Visitor (at prison)—"I suppose the convicts are deprived of their valuables when they arrive?" Warden—"Yes; but even the poorest of them have a watch and chain."—*Texas Siftings.*

BIG SANDY NEWS

Entered at the post office at Louisa, Ky., a second-class matter.

Published every THURSDAY by
M. F. CONLEY.
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS—$1.00 per year in advance.

OFFICE.—Old Clerk's Office Building, LOUISA, KENTUCKY.

Advertising rates furnished upon application

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 8th, 1887

The Kentucky delegation is a strong one, of which any State would be proud.

The trial of E. L. Harper, of the Cincinnati Fidelity Bank, is in progress in Cincinnati.

The one subject of conversation among the Senators and Representatives in Washington is the tariff.

John Snyder, who had walked in a circle in his back yard for two years, day and night, died Monday.

Senator Ingalls, President of the Senate, has appointed his son as his private Secretary, at a salary of $2,100.

Henry S. Ives has again come to the front, and it is probable that he will soon have control of the C., H. & D. Railway.

Jacob Sharp, the boss boodler of New York, secures a new trial through a decision of the Supreme Court of that State.

The annual report of Secretary Lamar shows excellent work. Over twenty-one million acres of land were restored to the people.

The Strowbridge Lithograph establishment, the largest institution of the kind in the world, was destroyed by fire in Cincinnati last week.

The Hodgen Commission Company, the largest concern of the kind in the world, made an assignment at Louisville. Liabilities $150,000, assets $40,000.

The physicians in attendance upon ex-Senator Jones, of Florida, have informed his son that they are ready to sign a certificate of insanity to the Probate Court.

President Grevy has resigned his office, and M. Sadi-Carnot has been elected President of the French Republic. He is the descendent of a family of considerable renown.

The examining trial of Thos. M. Green, charged with the killing of Lewis D. Baldwin, was concluded at Lexington yesterday, resulting in the discharge of the prisoner from custody.

Mayor Sawyer and ten of the twelve members of the City Council of Lincoln, Neb., were sent to jail last week for refusing to pay fines imposed by the United States Court for contempt.

The latest news from Mr. Blaine is that he will arrive in San Francisco from Japan five days before the meeting of the Republecan National Convention of 1888, which will renominate him.

John Most, the New York Anarchist, on trial for delivering a speech calculated to incite the Anarchists to violence, has been found guilty and will pay a heavy fine or be imprisoned for one year.

Gov. Buckner has issued a writ for an election to be in the counties of Ohio, Muhlenburg and Butler, composing the Eighth Senatorial district, Thursday, December 22, to choose a Senator, vice Sam E. Hill, resigned.

Gov. Buckner has designated Friday, January 27, 1888, for the execution of Patterson, the man convicted for the murder of Jennie Bowman, in Louisville. It is stated that a petition for Executive clemency will be presented to the Governor.

It will be observed that the Treasury statement shows an increase of the public debt for the month of November. This is occasioned by the fact that it required $20,000,000 to meet the quarterly payment of pensions, and if the G. A. R. had all swing there would be an increase in the debt every month of the year.

The Democratic caucus of the House of Representatives made nominations for the various offices Saturday evening. There was a contest only for the office of Doorkeeper, in which Hurt, of Mississippi, defeated Donaldson, of Tennessee. John G. Carlisle was nominated for Speaker; John B. Clark, of Missouri, for Clerk; John P. Leedom, of Ohio, for Sergeant-at-Arms; L. Dalton, of Indiana, for Postmaster, and W. H. Milburn for Chaplain.

Many of the new Senators slipped into Washington and pre-empted the best seats in the Senate Chamber in defiance of the unwritten law which relegates the newly-elect to the back tier of seats. The old fellows are full of wrath, but are powerless to help themselves. In the House the seats are distributed by lot.

The President has sent to the Senate the following nominations: L. Q. C. Lamar, to be Justice of the Supreme Court; W. F. Vilas, to be Secretary of the Interior; Don M. Dickenson, to be Postmaster General; C. S. Fairchild, to be Secretary of the Treasury; James W. Hyatt, to be Treasurer of the United States.

By a collision betwea a wild engine and a freight train Saturday, the Louisville and Nashville road, near Franklin, Ky., Patrik Gorman, of Bowling Green, was killed, and Engineer Fenwick seriously injured. While lying beneath the engine the flesh on one of legs roasting meanwhile, Fenwick took his orders from his pocket and read them. Had he found that he had misconstrued them and caused the accident, he says that he meant to cut his throat and die then and there. He is expected to recover, but will be a cripple.

Kentucky has the strongest representation in Congress of any State in the Union. John G. Carlisle, now serving his third term as Speaker of the Honse, is one of the ablest men and greatest statesmen now living. Jas. B. Beck is the recognized leader of the Senate, and Joe C. S. Blackburn one of the ablest members and most eloquent speakers of that great body. Wm. C. P. Breckenridge enjoys the reputation of being the most eloquent and impressive speaker of the House, and is one of the leaders. In fact, the delegation does not contain a man of mean ability. Hurrah for old Kentucky!

The President's message is shorter than was expected, and treats almost wholly of the reduction of the tariff. The document is brief and to the point. He says that under the present state of affairs, "the public Treasury, which should only exist as a conduit conveying the people's tribute to its legitimate objects of expenditure, becomes a hoarding place for money needlessly withdrawn from trade and the people's use, thus crippling our national energies, suspending our country's development, preventing investment in productive enterprise, threatening financial disturbance, and inviting schemes of public plunder."

For the consideration of those Republicans who constantly insist that the Democrats favor free trade and principles hostile to the interests of the laboring man, we present the following paragraph of the message:

FOR REVENUE ONLY.

"It is not proposed to entirely relieve the country of this taxation. It must be extensively continued as the source of the Government income; and in a readjustment of our tariff the interests of American labor engaged in manufacture should be considered, as well as the preservation of our manufacturers. It may be called protection, or by any other name, but relief from the hardships and dangers of our present tariff laws should be devised with especial precaution against imperiling the existence of our manufacturing interests, But this existence should not mean a condition which without regard to the public welfare or a National exigency, must always insure the realization of immense profits instead of moderately profitable returns. As the volume and diversity of our National activities increase, new recruits are added to those who desire a continuation of the advantages of which they conceive the present system of tariff taxation directly affords them. So stubbornly have all efforts to reform the present condition been resisted by those of our fellow-citizens thus engaged, that they can hardly complain of the suspicion, entertained to a certain extent, that there existed an organized combination all along the line to maintain their advantage."

GREATLY EXCITED.
Not a few of the citizens of Louisa have recently become greatly excited over the astounding facts, that several of their friends who had been pronounced incurable and beyond all hope—suffering from that dreaded monster, Consumption—have been completely cured by Dr. King's New Medical Discovery for Consumption, the only remedy that does positively cure all throat and lung diseases, Coughs Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis. Trial bottle free at R. F. Vinson's Drug store. Large bottles $1.

Kentucky Bonanzas.

[Engineering and Mining Journal.]

The mineral resources of Kentucky to a description of which so large a space is devoted in this issue of the Journal, are well worthy of the attention of our readers. Kentucky is by nature, beyond all question, one of the most highly favored States in this country. It possesses a superb climate, where the Anglo-Saxon race can attain its maximum development, free from the stunting influence of the severe climate of the far north and from the annealing effect of southern heat. It is the finest cattle-growing portion of the United States; every hill side is watered with living springs, and even its forest-covered hills are green with the famous Kentucky "blue grass." It can probably grow better stock and feed more cattle to the acre of land than any other portion of this continent.

Unlike most of our mineral districts, which are more or less sterile, this Kentucky blue grass country is underlaid with coal in perhaps greater quantity and of as good quality as any of our other great coal-bearing fields. Professor Proctor, in an extremely interesting manner, describes on another page, the vast mineral resources of this favored State, and calls attention to the fact that they are now for the first time being made accessible and available by the building of several important railroads.

Yet with all these unsurpassed or even unequaled advantages in natural wealth and nearness to market, Kentucky grazing and mineral land can be purchased cheaper to-day than can much inferior land in far distant States and Territories. The holding of wild land in immense estates and the unsatisfactory condition of many land titles have kept back the development of these great natural resources and have heavily depreciated the market value of the land. These drawbacks are now rapidly disappearing, and there are certainly few places on this continent that to-day offer as great opportunities for the profitable investment of capital as do the mineral, grazing and timber lands of Kentucky.

The Next Legislature.

[Courier-Journal.]

The next session of the legislature, judging from present appearances, will be unusually brief. The election of a United States Senator is settled in advance, and it will not take an hour to go through the forms and record the will of the people.

The next matter that will engage the attention of that body will be the amendments to the new revenue law. This law has proven quite effective. In some minor features it is objectionable, but a few simple amendments will cure its defects and make it as popular as it is comprehensive. This will require some thought and consideration, but as there is no wide divergence of opinion ten days will suffice to accomplish this work.

The next matter to be considered will be our criminal laws. In some important particulars these need revision, but the subject has been widely and warmly discussed and the amendments are few and simple, and a few days' discussion will settle all such questions.

Outside of this our school system requires some attention, but there is nothing that seems to require long discussions or any particular excitement. The cost of our legislative sessions has been nearly $150,000. The cost is in proportion to the length of service. A short session saves money directly and indirectly, and the tax payers of the State will be glad to know that the prospects are bright for the shortest and least eventful session in our legislative history.

Pensions and Postmasters.

An increase of pension has been granted to Wm. L. Ball, of Busseyville.

McDonald Roberts has been appointed postmaster at Gallup.

HALL'S

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years Doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., is the only constitutional cure now on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. They offer $100 for any case it fails to cure. Send for circular and testimonials. Address,
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75 cents.

CATARRH CURE.

Shams Which a Newspaper Man is Certain to See.

One of the great trials of the newspaper profession is that its members are compelled to see more of the sham of the world than any other profession. Through every newspaper office, day after day, go all the weaknesses of the world, all vanities that want to be puffed, all the revenges that want to be reaped, all the mistakes that want to be corrected, all the dull speakers that want to be thought eloquent, all the meanness that wants to get its wares noticed gratis in the editorial column in order to save the tax of the advertising, right who were never right; all the cock-brain philosophers with stories as long as their hair and as gloomy as their finger nails, in mourning because bereft of soap; all the bores who come to stay five minutes but talk five hours. Through the editorial and repartorial room, all the follies and shams of the world are seen, day after day, and the temptation is to believe neither in God, man nor woman. It is no surprise to me that in this profession there are some skeptical men; I only wonder that newspaper men believe anything.—Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phospeate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall st., N. Y.

Itch, Mange, and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 Minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. As sure and perfectly harmless. Warranted by Freese & Norris. Druggists Louisa.

Commissioner's Sale.

Thomas Russell, Pl'ff.
vs.
S.K. Schenk & J.T. Baker.
Notice of Sale.

By virtue of a judgment and Order of Sale of the Lawrence Circuit Court, rendered at the August term thereof, 1880, in the above styled cause, the undersigned will on Monday, December 19th, 1887, about one o'clock p. m., at the Court House door in Louisa, Lawrence county, Ky., (being County court day,) proceed to expose to public sale to to the highest bidder, the following described property, to-wit: The first tract beginning on the top of a ridge on a small black oak, a corner to John and Rezin Fitzpatrick, thence along said ridge and James Price's line S 25 W, 16 poles to a dead pine, S 5½ E, 21 poles to a large oak; S 46½ W, 18 poles; S 21 W, 18 poles; S 36½ W, 14 poles; S 49 W, 25 poles to a chestnut oak; leaves James Price's line and goes with Robt Preston's S 23 E, 23 poles; S 87½ E, 65 poles to two chestnut sprouts; S 30 E, 67 poles to a creek, white oak and large rock; S 14½ W, 90 poles to a black and white oak stump in a gap, a corner to Gilbert Meade's line; N 53 E, 16 poles; N 3½ E, 8 poles; W 36 E, 24 poles; N 40 E, 34 poles; N 40 E, 34 poles to a small chestnut oak a corner to G. Boyd; N 43⅓ E, 28 poles to a small white oak; N 20 W, 14 poles; N 12 E, 22 poles; N 45 W, 47 poles to a stake in the Grave Branch; N 17 E, 46 poles to a stake on the South side of Gnat's Creek on a corner of John and Rezin Fitzpatrick; thence along their line N 80¾ W, 19 poles in a drain; N 4½ W, 6 poles in front of Isom Boyd's; N 87½ W 14 poles in a drain; N 66½ W; 16 poles in a drain; N 33½ W, 42 poles to a black oak on a point; thence S 55½ W 16 poles to a small chestnut oak on a ridge, to the place of beginning.

The second tract begins at a fence, a corner to John and Rezin Fitzpatrick's and widow Borders' N 24 E 10 poles; N 19 W 13 poles to the top of a knob; N 72½ W 18 poles; N 39¼ W 30 poles on South side of Gnat's creek and down the same with all its meanders S 68 W 106 poles; N 79 W 100 poles to an elm at the mouth of Gnat's Creek S 54 E 68 poles to a gap below the Graves ford; S 71½ E 34 poles to across the drain on a point; S 50¾ E 23 poles; S 48 W 49 poles to a high rock knob; thence 21½ W 23 poles to a low gap; S 14½ E 11 poles to a high rock cliff; S 87 E 6 poles; S 89 E 15 poles to a black oak on the knob; S 21 E 14 poles; S 54½ E 12 poles; S 32½ E 11 poles; S 15½ W 19 poles to a black oak; S 71 E 42 poles to a chestnut oak, corner to Isom Boyd and Robert Preston; thence along Isom Boyd's revised line N 42 W 28 poles; N 35½ E 14 poles; N 21 E 8 poles to a small chestnut oak, corner to John and Rezin Fitzpatrick, along their revised line N 44½ W 9 poles; N 17½ W 36 poles to a forked chestnut on a point; N 45 E 11 poles to a large white oak on a ridge; N 27½ E 24 poles to a small white oak and maple; N 61 E, 12 poles to a large white oak, corner to James Fitzpatrick and along his line N 53 E 10 poles to a large white oak corner of fence; N 3 W 24 poles to a beech and fence; N 9 W 14 poles to a walnut and fence; N 31 W 22 poles to the beginning, being the James Price tract.

The third tract begins at the head of schoolhouse branch at a large white oak, corner to Archibald Borders and widow Borders and James Preston; thence down said schoolhouse branch with all its meanders, S 30 W 208 poles to a stake on the South side of Gnats Creek opposite the mouth of schoolhouse branch, S 21 E 13 poles; S 34½ E 32 poles on top of the ridge, corner of John and Rezin Fitzpatrick and with their line S 20 E 8 poles to a white oak on a ridge at the top of a point; S 83 W 48 poles to a beech 2 poles above the public road; S 64 E 20 poles to a sycamore and elm on the West side of Gnat's Creek; 43 poles below Fitzpatrick's mill; N 85 47 poles; S 75 W 20 poles to two small white oaks on a point; N 57 W 25 poles to a large white oak, a corner to James Price's land, John and Rezin Fitzpatrick, and with James Preston's line, N 5 E 10 poles to a large oak, corner of fence; N 3 W 24 poles to a beech in the fence; N 9 W 14 poles to a walnut in the fence; N 31 W 2 poles to corner of fence; leaves James Price's line and goes with widow Border's line, S 86 E 20 poles; N 84 W 22 poles to a sycamore on North side of Gnat's Creek, about 7 poles East of the forks of the creek; N 65¾ E to a gum above the public road 18 poles; N 32½ E 18 poles to a beech stump; N 17½ E 22 poles to a gum on top of a point; N 15 E 15 poles between a black and chestnut oak; N 5 E 29 poles; N 19 W 29 poles; N 33 E 38 poles; N 52 E 16 poles to a large white oak; N 87 E 22 poles; S 23½ E 32 poles; N 69 1-2 E 17 poles; N 88 E 3 poles; N 61 1-2 E 22 poles; S 66 E 18 poles to a large white oak to the beginning corner, being the James Fitzpatrick tract.

The fourth tract begins on an elm and sycamore on the West side of Gnat's creek 43 poles below Fitzpatrick's mill, corner of James Fitzpatrick and with his line N 85 W 7 poles; S 75 W 20 poles; N 57 W 20 poles to a large white oak; leaves James Fitzpatrick,s and with James Preston's line S 61 W 12 poles on a small white oak and maple S 27 1-2 W 24 poles to a large white oak on a ridge; S 45 W 11 poles to a large forked chestnut on a point; S 17 1-2 E 26 poles to a black oak on a point; S 41 1-2 E 9 poles to a small chestnut oak, corner to Arthur Fitzpatrick; N 55 E poles to a large black oak on the head of a drain; S 23 1-2 E 42 poles in a drain; S 66 1-2 E 16 poles; N 87 1-2 E 14 poles; S 41 1-2 W 16 poles in front of Isom Boyd's house; S 36 1-2 E 10 poles in a drain; 80¼ E 10 poles to a stake on the South side of Gnat's creek; N 12 1-2 E 48 poles to a corner of John Fitzpatrick's barn; S 89 1-2 E 17 poles to a beech by a drain; S 60 1-2 245 poles to a pine stump half way between two black pines; N 62 E 10 poles to a small black oak and pine, corner to Isom Boyd's line; N 8 W 49 poles to a small pine; N 45 W 14 poles to a black oak on a knob; N 33¼ W 20 poles to a large black oak on a ridge; N 20 W 16 1-2 poles to a white oak on a ridge six poles from the top of a point, and corner from James Fitzpatrick; N 84 W 48 poles to a beech two poles to the place of beginning, being the John and Rezin Fitzpatrick tract.

The fifth tract begins on a beech stump one pole North-west of the mouth of the branch above James Preston's house; thence S 23 E 102 poles to the ridge; thence along the ridge S 86 1-2 E 24, S 45 E 6, S 67 E 14, S 5 E 9, S 56 E 15, S 72 E 14 poles to a black oak, corner to Archibald Borders' survey; N 59 1-2 E 100 poles across rock branch and on Milton point; S 86 1-2 W 80 poles to haul and foot road; S 85 W 24 poles to a small beech and gum by the bank of the creek; N 38 W 84 poles across the public road; N 2 W 12 poles to the top of a point; N 17 1-2 W 55 poles, 44 poles across the ridge; N 5¾ E 26 poles; N 19 E 54 poles; N 36 poles; N 11 1-2 W 32 poles to a large white oak, corner to Archibald Border's land, James Fitzpatrick and widow Borders'; S 65 E 94 poles to a beech; S 28 E 60 poles to the beginning.

The sixth tract beginning at a small chestnut oak on the Sol hollow ridge corner of Arthur Preston Fitzpatrick and Gilbert Mead; S 62 E 70 poles east side of Groves branch two poles below mouth of drain up the meanders of said drain; S 68 1-2 E 23 poles; S 8 E 21 poles; S 57 E 32 poles; S 87 E 28 poles to a black oak on rocky cliff; N 28 W 32 poles; N 34 E 28 poles to a black oak; N 68 E 50 poles to two white oaks; N 14 E 24 poles; N 48¾ W 30 poles to a pine; N 26 W 32 poles; S 74 W 28 poles to a post oak and black oak on top of Peter Cave point; N 19 W 10 poles to a black pine; N 36 1-2 E 24 poles on a ridge; N 37 W 52 poles to a black oak on a ridge, across Aeter Cave point, N 89 W 30 poles; N 6 W 41 poles; N 9 W 23 poles to a small black oak and small pitch pine, corner to John and Rezin Fitzpatrick on top of a point; S E 65 poles from Rezin Fitzpatrick's House and along the line of John and Rezin Fitzpatrick S 62 W 10 poles to an old pine stump on a point, half way between two pine stumps; N 60 1-2 W 45 poles to a beeck by a branch; N 89 1-2 W 17 poles to the corner of Rezin Fitzpatricks line; S 12 1-2 W 48 poles to a stake on the side of Nats creek to Arthur Fitzpatrick's land, John and Rezin Fitzpatrick's line and Arthur Fitzpatrick's line S 87 E 46 poles to a stake in Grave branch; S 12 W 22 poles; S 20 E 14 poles; S 14¾ W 28 poles to a small black oak; S 40 W 34 poles to the beginning. Or a sufficient amount thereof to produce the sums of $500, with 6 per cent interest from April 29, 1874, and $1308.75 with 6 per cent interest from April 29 1874, until paid, subject to a credit of $5 0, Feb. 20, 1881; and $110 70 costs.

TERMS.—Sale will be made on a credit of 6 and 12 months. The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security for the payment of the purchase money, to have the force and effect of a replevin bond, bearing legal interest from the day of sale, with a lien reserved upon said property, until all the purchase money is paid.

M. S. BURNS, M. C. L. C. C.

CHATTAROI RAILWAY

To take effect Monday, Nov. 2nd, 1886.
(Daily, except Sunday.)

SOUTHWARD Read Down No.44 Pass	No42 Pass	STATIONS	NORTHWARD Read up. No41 Pass.	No 46 Pass.
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
1 10	6 50	Lv Ashland Ar	9 31	4 30
1 25	7 00	C. & O. Cros'g	9 12	4 12
1 35	7 05	Normal	9 06	4 06
1 41	7 15	Catlettsburg	9 55	3 55
1 46	7 20	Hampton	8 50	3 50
1 51	7 27	Oakland	8 42	3 45
2 09	7 50	Savage Br'nch	8 27	3 30
2 24	8 07	Lockwoods	8 03	3 17
2 33	8 15	Burgess'	8 56	3 08
2 43	8 24	Wrights	7 47	2 59
2 52	8 29	Rockville	7 40	2 52
3 10	8 45	Curnutt	7 20	2 31
3 20	8 54	Catalpa	7 10	2 19
3 26	9 00	Fullers	7 06	2 11
3 31	9 05	Branham	6 58	2 06
3 36	9 10	Whitts	6 54	2 00
3 52	9 27	Louisa	6 38	1 41
3 59	9 32	Camp Ground	6 28	1 25
4 12	9 45	Walbridge	6 14	1 13
4 22	9 55	Summit	6 64	1 03
4 31	10 04	Peeks		12 54
4 39	10 08	Northup	5 48	12 46
4 50	10 23	Tunnel	5 30	12 30
5 25	10 34	Peach Orch'rd	5 15	12 10
5 35	10 43	Forbes	5 05	11 57
5 40	10 57	Richardson	5 00	11 50

JAY H. NORTHUP, Receiver.

CINCINNATI TYPE FOUNDRY,
201 Vine Street. C. WELLS, Treas.

The type on which this paper is printed is from the above Foundry.

Mammoth Jewelry Store
FRONT STREET,
CATLETTSBURG, KY.
J. R. Ford & Son.

—A complete line of—
Watches, Clocks, Rings, and in fact everything usually kept in A FIRST-CLASS JEWELRY STORE
Also keeps a full stock of Banjos, Accordeons, Violins and French Harps.

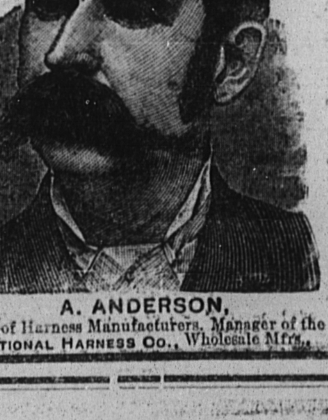
CITY MUSIC STORE
HEADQUARTERS FOR
ORGANS PIANOS
Acordeons, Violins, Dulcimers, Music Boxes, and Strings of all kinds. Harmonicas, Music Books, Sheet Music, Automatic Self-playing Organs, Orchestones, Tonophone, the Mariea Wonder. Instruments first-class and warranted as represented. Catalogue and prices mailed free. Send to cents for a copy of the WELCOME.
R. Baumgarten,
ASHLAND, KY.

MARK B. WELLS,
PORTSMOUTH, OHIO,
Manufacturer of SALT AND Wholesale Dealer in
Provisions, Flour, Corn, Hay, Oil, Seeds and Produce.
CORN HANDLED ONLY IN CAR LOTS!

For Plows, Plow-points, Rakes, Hoes, Shovels, Forks, Mowing machines, and all kinds of Agricultural Implements,
—CALL ON—
SNYDER BROS.,
The Leading Hardware Dealers
No. 2 Enterprise Block, Louisa, Ky.

BEFORE YOU BUY
A Bicycle or Gun
Of any kind, send stamp to
A. W. GUMP,
DAYTON, OHIO.

For Large Illustrated Price List of New and second-hand Machines. Second-hand Bicycles, Guns and Revolvers taken in Exchange. Cash paid for second-hand bicycles. Difficult Repairing and nickle-plating.
Largest stock of Second-hand Bicycles in America.



A. ANDERSON,
King of Harness Manufacturers, Manager of the NATIONAL HARNESS CO., Wholesale Mfrs.

Every word we say we can stand by.
DEAR SIR: Do you want to see the latest WONDER of '87. ANSWER TO-DAY. A $35 Single Harness reduced to $25. The finest Harness MADE for the money. Handsome nickel or imitation rubber gold finish mountings. HAND made from oak stock, unsurpassed for style and durability. If you will allow us we will send you a sample for your inspection to show you what progress we have made by making a SPECIALTY and getting out over 800 setts each month. You can keep the sample at only $20, $5 less than price here or return at OUR EXPENSE. Can we make a more liberal offer? We shall expect to hear from you at once saying YES, send on your Harness. Folded or single strap style.
NATIONAL HARNESS CO.,
Wholesale Manufacturers,
14 to 24 Wells St. Buffalo, N. Y.
Collar and Hames, $2 Extra. No Breast Collar
Double Style for two horses, Price, 35.00.

GENESEO ROAD CART!
First Premium and Gold Medal at New Orleans Exposition, 1886.
Thousands rode in it at the World's Exposition, New Orleans, 1884-5, at Louisville Exposition, Ky., 1885, and pronounced it the best in the world; also at the Minneapolis Industrial Exposition, 1886, and received the highest honors.
This Cart rides as easy as any Buggy, and is positively free from Horse Motion.
Has two cranks to move in unison with the horse's step, and always keeps the body in a horizontal line.
OUR GUARANTEE.
We will sell you a Geneseo on TEN DAYS TRIAL and guarantee it to ride as easy and to be as FREE FROM HORSE MOTION as any buggy. If not just as represented, return to us at our expense.
STOOD THE TEST FOR OVER TWO YEARS.
Send for Circulars & Testimonials.
AGENTS WANTED
In every Town not already taken.
D. F. SARGENT & SON,
Patentees, Geneseo, Ill.

BIG SANDY NEWS.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 8th, 1887.

WANTED.—Good Correspondents from Paintsville, Prestonsburg, Pikeville, and the most important post-offices of Lawrence county.

Mrs. Hughes is visiting in Catlettsburg.

J. W. Rice was in Catlettsburg this week.

Miss Jennie Burgess is visiting in Catlettsburg.

Don't forget the entertainment the 16th inst.

G. W. Gunnell was in Catlettsburg yesterday.

Dr. Swetnam, of Peach Orchard, was in town Monday.

Dr. Banfield was attending Commissioner's Court here this week.

There was a masquerade mite at the Baptist Church Thursday night.

Mr. Geo. Strachan returned home Tuesday from Little Kanawha river.

Some parties are here with a feather renovator. See notice elsewhere.

Mrs. H. W. Ferguson returned Saturday from a visit to Portsmouth.

Hon. S. G. Kinner passed up Monday, on his way to Martin Criminal Court.

Mr. W. H. Waldeck returned yesterday from a trip to Prestonsburg and Pikeville.

Wise is the man who filleth his coal-house to over-flowing in the early autumn.

Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Vinson, of Ceredo, W. Va., were visiting here a few days ago.

Ex-Sheriff J. B. Spencer has settled in full with the county and received his quietus.

On account of illness Judge Rice is unable to attend the Martin Criminal Court this week.

Rev. W. T. Jolly, of Ashland, will preach at the Baptist church Sunday morning and evening.

The cold snaps are soft snaps for the coal monopolies. The price goes up as the mercury goes down.

A mite will be given at the Mr. R. T. Burns' Friday evening, and the Christmas-tree question will be settled there.

D. J. Burchett left Tuesday for Covington, where he will serve as a juror in the United States Court now in session.

The Board of Supervisors as recently appointed is as follows; G. W. Castle, J. F. Hatten, M. M. Bolt, M. F. Garred and N. T. Rice.

The County Commissioners' Court convened Monday and adjourned yesterday. They transacted a considerable amount of business.

Rev. Stratton is conducting a protracted meeting at the M. E. Church. He is being assisted by Rev. G. W. Howes, of Catlettsburg.

Hamp Muncy and Joe Lyttleton, who has been engaged in surveying land in Pike county for several months, are in Louisa for a few weeks vacation.

Messrs. Norris, Prichard and Spencer, three of our grocerymen, went to Cincinnati Friday to purchase Christmas goods. They returned Tuesday.

Everybody is invited to call and inspect my mode of renovating feathers. Give me a trial on one bed and you will be convinced,

T. J. PATTERSON.

Three cars of cannel coal from White House were taken down Tuesday. The railroad track is now laid up to the mines, but several switches will have to be put down before much shipping can be done.

A Valuable Medical Treatise.

The edition for 1888 of the sterling Medical Annual, known as Hostetter's Almanac, is now ready, and may be obtained, free of cost, of druggists and general country dealer in all parts of the United States, Mexico, and indeed in every civilized portion of the Western Hemisphere. This Almanac has been issued regularly at the commencement of every year for over one-fifth of a century. It combines, with the soundest practical advice for the preservation and restoration of health, a large amount of interesting and amusing light reading, and the calendar, astronomical calculations, chronological items, &c., are prepared with great care, and will be found entirely accurate. The issue of Hostetter's Almanac for 1888 will probably be the largest edition of a medical work ever published in any country. The proprietors, Messrs. Hostetter & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., on receipt of a two cent stamp, will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood.

Your Troubles Ended!

The best place to get spectacles is at Weis' Drug store. If you don't want to buy go and have your eyes tested and find out what number your eyes require.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to C. C. Leffingwell are notified to call at my office and settle with me and save themselves cost.

HENRY WISE FERGUSON.

Prof. G. M. Elam, of Blaine, has been chosen by the Board of Education to succeed Dr. Wrotch as Principal of the public school at this place. He will take charge of the school on the 19th inst. Supt. McClure is acting as principal at present.

"What is the secret of your bread?
Than mine 'tis so much whiter;
Mine, half the time is just like lead—
Than feathers yours is lighter."
"Well, Jane, I'll lisp it in your ear,
My skill you must not flatter,
J. Mouroe Taylor's Gold Medal Soda dear,
Now, that is what's the matter!"

Snyder Bros. are now conducting the leading enterprise of our town. They have the latest improved machinery for the manufacture of wagons, etc. We will give an extended notice of this enterprise in the near future.

Life will acquire new zest, and cheerfulness return, if you will impel your liver and kidneys to the performance of their functions. Dr. J. H. McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm will stimulate them to healthful action. $1.00 per bottle. For sale by Freese & Norris.

Louisa seems to be prolific of inventors. Mr. B. F. Thomas has just returned from Little Kanawha river, where a practical test has been made by the Government of an improved "trip" for a movable dam. It is the invention of Mr. Thomas, and has proven to be a perfect success and a great improvement over the old plan. He has applied for a patent.

The 'Life of the flesh is the blood thereof;' pure blood means healthy functional activity and this bears with it the certainty of quick restoration from sickness or accident. Dr. J. H. McLean's Strengthening Cordial and Blood Purifier gives pure rich blood, and vitalizes and strengthens the whole body. $1.00 a bottle. For sale by Freese & Norris.

A Rare Chance.

T. J. Patterson has located at this place with an improved Steam Feather Renovator, for cleaning and renovating Feathers. He has rented a house of Capt. Freese, on Perry and Main Cross streets, and solicits your patronage and a personal inspection of the work. Aull and Jones, the agents, will call on the citizens and get beds, and deliver them free of charge.

TYPHOID, SCARLET AND YELLOW FEVERS MEASLES, DIPTHERIA, SMALL-POX, CHOLERA, ETC.

Darbys Prophylactic Fluid will destroy the infection of all fevers and all infectious diseases. Will keep the atmosphere of any sick-room pure and wholesome, absorbing and destroying the unhealthy effluvia and contagion. Will neutralize any bad smell whatever, not by disguising it, but by destroying it. Use Darbys Prophylactic Fluid in every sick-room.

A large crowd of Louisa folks gathered at the depot last Saturday morning to bid good-bye to Dr. Wroten and his daughter, Miss Minnie, who were departing for Southern Dakota, where the Doctor takes a position as Superintendent of the Cheyenne Agency Indian school, at a remunerative salary. Miss Minnie is an assistant. The school is supported by the Government, and the Doctor received his appointment from the Secretary of the Interior about three weeks ago. He was, up to the time of his departure, Principal of the Louisa Public School, which he conducted in a most satisfactory manner, and the patrons of the school regretted very much to part with his services. We, in common wish all Louisa people, wish him as pleasant a sojourn as is possible among the Indians, and hope that at some future time not far distant he may again become a resident of Louisa. His family will remain here until next spring.

WONDERFUL CURES.

W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists of Rome, Ga., says: We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery Eclectric Bitters and Bucklen's Arnica Salve for two years. Have never handled remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by the use of a few bottles of Dr King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Eclectric Bitters, We guarantee them always. For sale at R. F. Vinson's Drug Store.

Thomas Chambers, one of the members of the Hatfield gang for each of whom a $500 reward is offered by the Governor, has been captured and is now in jail at Pikeville.

DON'T

let that cold of yours run on. You think it is a light thing. But it may run into catarrh. Or into pneumonia. Or consumption.

Catarrh is disgusting. Pneumonia is dangerous. Consumption is death itself.

The breathing apparatus must be kept healthy and clear of all obstructions and offensive matter. Otherwise there is trouble ahead.

All the diseases of these parts, head, nose, throat, bronchial tubes and lungs, can be delightfully and entirely cured by the use of Boschee's German Syrup. If you don't know this already, thousands of people can tell you. They have been cured by it, and know how it is themselves. Bottle only 75 cents. Ask any druggist.

Money to be Made.

It is said that dull times are not known by the agents for the great publishing house of George Stinson & Co., of Portland, Maine. The reason of this exceptional success is found in the fact that they always give the public that which is keenly appreciated and at prices that all can afford. At present we understand, their agents are doing wonderfully well on several new lines. They need many more agents in all parts of the country. Those who need profitable work should apply at once. Women do as well as men. Experience is not necessary, for Messrs. Stinson & Co., undertake to show all who are willing to work, not hard but earnestly, the path to large success. It should be remembered that an agent can do a handsome business without being away from home over night. Another advantage—it costs nothing to give the business a trial, and an agent can devote all his time, or only his spare moments to it. Stinson & Co., guarantee grand success to all who engage and follow simple and plain directions that they give. We have not space to explain all here, but full particulars will be sent free to those who address the firm; their full address is given above.

NO HOUSEHOLD SHOULD BE WITHOUT

...of the ills of the human ... from a diseased Liver. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means ... more people to health and ... by giving them a healthy ... any other agency on earth.
... YOU GET THE GENUINE.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Rhodes Newsom, Plff. vs. Flem Burchettt, Deft. } Notice of Sale.

By virtue of Execution No. 525, directed to me, which, issued from the Clerk's office of the Lawrence Circuit Court in favor of Flem Burchett, Pl'ff., against Rhodes New- and Columbus Ball, Defts., I will on Monday, Dec. 19th, 1887, about one o'clock p. m., at the court house door in Louisa, Ky., expose to public sale to the highest bidder the following property (or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfo the plaintiff's debt. $27 50 with interest from Dec. 29th, 1882, until paid; and 50.50 costs.) to-wit: 39 acres in Lawrence county, Ky., on Long Branch of Big Blaine; beginning on top of dividing ridge between Newcomb Fork and Long Branch at line of Late Moore, thence down hill toward Long Branch, with Moore's line to Long Branch, crossing same, passing a large poplar stump, up the hill with the line of W. H. Moore, to top of divide between Long Branch and Cat's fork thence up the divide where the lower line was run to said divide in laying off Mrs. Rhodes Newsom's part in the lands owned by her mother at her death; thence with said lower line down the hill crossing the long branch and up the hill to the divide between long branch and Newcomb; thence with the divide to beginning.

Sale will be made on a credit of 3 months. A. L. SHANNON, S. L. C.

RICHLY Rewarded are those who read this and then act; they will find honorable employment that will not take them from their homes and families. The profits are large and sure for every industrious person, many have made and are now making several hundred dollars a month. It is easy for any one to make $5 and upwards per day, who is willing to work. Either sex, young or old; capital not needed; we start you. Everything new. No special ability required; you, reader, can do it as well as any one. Write to us at once for full particulars, which we mail free. Address,

STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

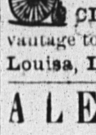
The best salve in the world for cuts, bruies, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at R. F. Vinson's Drug Store.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard Soft, or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Sweeney, Stifles, Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throat, Coughs, Etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by Freese & Norris, Drug ..., Louisa.

J. W. RICE,
Attorney at Law,
LOUISA, - KENTUCKY.
OFFICE IN COURT HOUSE.

DR. F. W. WEIS,
LOUISA - - KENTUCKY.
Office "Old Brick" two doors below the Post Office. Private Office at residence on Franklin street.

SOLID.
Accident Insurance at Actual Cost
No Claims Due and Unpaid.
All just claims paid promptly and in full.
$5,000
In case of Death by Accident.
$2,500
For Loss of Arm or Leg.
$25
Per Week Indemnity, At a cost of about
$13
Per Year payable either cash down or in Installments. Membership Fee, $5
Call on or Address
L. B. FERGUSON,
FIRE AND ACCIDENT
INSURANCE AGENT.
LOUISA, KY.



IF YOU ARE THINKING OF Buying a BICYCLE or TRICYCLE, you will find it to your advantage to Address L. B. FERGUSON, Louisa, Lawrence County, Ky.

ALEX. LACKEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOUISA, - KENTUCKY

THE CELEBRATED
FRANK B. CONVERSE
BANJO.
Manufactured ... JOHN F. STRATTON
49 Ma... ...ne, New York.

Timber Lands Wanted!

Wanted, for an English Syndicate large tracts of Virgin Timber and Mineral Lands in Kentucky, at lowest wild land prices. Must be accessible to Railroad or good floating streams. Title must be perfect. Give full particulars.

BUSHROD C. WASHINGTON,
Lock Box 46, Charleston, W. Va.

CINCINNATI, PORTSMOUTH, BIG SANDY & PMEROY
Packet Company's Steamers.

JOHN KYLE, Pres. GUS HONSHELL, Sec
C. M. HOLLOWAY, Superintendent.
Cincinnati, Pomeroy and all Way landings.
BOSTONA—Up Sundays and Thursdays, Down Tuesdays and Fridays.
TELEGRAPH—Up Tuesdays and Fridays Down Wednesdays and Saturdays
BIG SANDY—Up Wednesdays and Sat' Down Mondays and Thursdays

ONE BOAT.
LEAVES Cincinnati Daily except Sunday.
AT 5 O'CLOCK, P. M.

Newport News & Miss. Valley Company.
[CHESAPEAKE and OHIO ROUTE.]
Solid trains East and West and
Short Line
to all points in the
—**Northwest** and **Southwest**—
All trains are First-class.
No second-class cars run on the C. & O., and holders of Emigrant tickets ride in first-class cars. Tickets sold to any destination and baggage checked through

QUESTIONS TO BE ANSWERED:
Where are you going?
When are you going?
Where will you start from?
How many are there in your party?

Write to R. A. ANDREWS Emigrant and Traveling passenger agent Charleston, W. Va. who will give you the proper answers to the above questions and send you papers sho... ... tickets will cost
You will save time and money by taking the C. & O. ... W. FULLER, Gen'l Pass, Agt,
W. C. WICKAM, ... Vice Pres.

$1
13 WEEKS,
The POLICE GAZETTE will be mailed securely wrapped, to any address in the United States for three months on receipt of
ONE DOLLAR.
Liberal discount allowed to postmasters, agents and clubs. Sample copies mailed free
Address all orders to
RICHARD K. FOX,
FRANKLIN SQUARE, N. Y.

JOHN F. STRATTON,
49 Maiden Lane, New York
Importer, manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in all kinds of
Musical Merchandise. Musical Boxes, Band Instruments, Stratton's Celebrated Russian Gut Violin Strings.

Commissioner's Sale.

L. T. Smith & others Plffs. vs. John Crabtree's heirs Deft. } Notice of Sale.

By virtue of a judgment and Order of sale of the Lawrence Circuit Court, rendered at the August term thereof, 1887, in the above styled cause, the undersigned will, on Monday, December 19th, 1887, about one o'clock p. m., at the Court House door in Louisa, Lawrence county Ky., expose to public sale to the highest bidder the following described property: 36½ acres of land off the upper end of the following boundary: Beginning at a hickory, thence S 45 E 24 poles with the county road to a stake in small drain below Crabtree house; thence S 29 W, 32 poles, crossing the Creek to a stake near a peach tree; S 74 E 34 poles to a stake near the corner of the barn lot; S 35 E 17½ poles to a white walnut by the road; thence with the road S 76 E 37 poles to a black walnut marked; thence S 23 E 52 poles to a stake by the line of the G. N. Brown land; thence S 35 E 25 poles to a stake on the river, corner to said Brown tract; thence N down the river with the courses thereof, 184 poles to a small drain, corner to John Rice land; thence S 46 W 90 poles with John Rice's line, to a white oak; S 57 W, 20 poles to a black walnut; S 64 W 45 poles to the beginning. Or a sufficient amount thereof to produce the sums aggregating $1366.95, and $46 85 costs.

TERMS.—Sale will be made on a credit of 6 and 12 months. The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security for the payment of the purchase money, to have the force and effect of a replevin bond, bearing legal interest from the day of sale, with a lien reserved upon said property, until all the purchase money is paid.

M. S. BURNS, M. C. L. C. C.

Sheriff's Sales for Taxes.

I or one of my deputies will sell at Public Auction to the highest bidder, at the courthouse door in Louisa, Lawrence Co., Ky., on December 19th, 1887, about one o'clock p. m., on said day, for cash in hand, the following described property lying in Lawrence county, Ky., for taxes due for the year 1887, to-wit:

300 acres of land in District No. 6 of Lawrence county, lying on Nat's creek, adjoining the lands of Noah Mead, to satisfy taxes against H. H. Buffingmeyer's heirs.

Also, one tract of land known as the John Stafford tract, lying on the Levisa Fork of Big Sandy river about six miles above Louisa, adjoining lands of G. R. B. Chapman on the lower end and the B. F. Ruff tract on upper end, to satisfy taxes against Headley's heirs.

Also 35 acres of land adjoining W. D. Peters, levied upon as John Peters' part of the Jacob Peters, Sr., tract.

Also, 35 acres of land adjoining J. H. Peters, levied upon as Noah Peters' part of the Jacob Peters, Sr., tract.

35 acres of land adjoining Noah Peters, levied upon as J. H. Peters' (Jr.) part of the Jacob Peters, Sr, tract.

Also, 40 acres of land, levied upon as the property of Mahala Davis.

Also, 50 acres of land adjoining Wm. Davis, taken as the property of Nancy Davis.

Also, 81 acres of land on Levisa fork of Big Sandy river, adjoining lands of Harry McClure, taken as the property of Benjamin Ruff.

Also, 35 acres of land adjoining J. B. Peters, taken as Michall Peters' part of the Jacob Peters, Sr., tract.

Also, 25 acres of land adjoining lands of Oliver Buchanan, levied upon as the property of Doc Vinson.

Also, lot No. 28 in Louisa, taken as the property of Julia A. McHenry.

Also, 5 acres of land adjoining lands of C. Justice, taken as the property of Felix Justice.

Also, 77 acres of land adjoining Belle Moore, taken as the property of J. C. Lyons.

Also, 200 acres of land lying on Nat's creek, adjoining the lands of Noah Mead, to satisfy taxes against A. P. Hawes.

Also, town lot No. 75, in Louisa, to satisfy taxes against Mrs. Hatcher.

Also, 400 acres of land adjoining the J. J. Jordan tract now owned by W. T. Evans, levied upon as the property of George McGuire.

Commissioner's Sale.

R. T. Burns, Pl'ff. vs. Jacob Burton & John Moore, } Notice of Sale.

By virtue of a judgment and Order of sale of the Lawrence Circuit Court, rendered at the August Term thereof, 1887, in the above styled cause, the undersigned will, on Monday, December 19th, 1887, at the Court House door in Louisa, Lawrence county, Kentucky, (being County court day,) proceed to expose to public sale to the highest bidder, the following described property, viz: A tract of land situated in Lawrence county, Ky., lying near the Mouth of Hood's fork of Blaine, and bounded as follows: Beginning on a stone on the road side, Andrew Burton's corner, thence with said Andrew Burton's line to a stone at the corner of the palings; thence a westerly direction to a stone at the corner of the palings; thence a southerly direction to a stone by the road side, near the corner of the palings; thence a straight line to the beginning. Or a sufficient amount thereof to produce the sum of $75.30, with 6% interest from October 1st, 1885, until paid; and $32.35 costs.

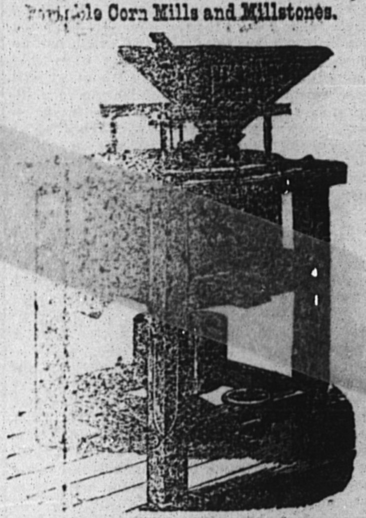
TERMS—Sale will be made on a credit of nine months. The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security for the payment of the purchase money, to have the force and effect of a replevin bond, bearing interest from the day of sale, with a lien reserved upon said property until all the purchase money is paid. M. S. BURNS, M. C. L. C. C.

Dr. H. O. Cease
DENTIST
LOUISA, - KENTUCKY
OFFICE—Opposite Chattaroi Hotel.
Having all the improved instruments and many years experience in Dental work, I guarantee satisfaction.

DeLAND & CO'S

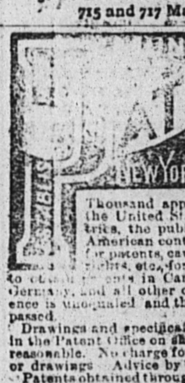
CAP SHEAF
SODA
Best in the World.

THE MOORE COUNTY GRIT,
Portable Corn Mills and Millstones.



The Best in the World for making fine table meal for grinding Corn, Oats, Rye, Barley or mixed feed. It cuts all fibrous matter better than any known stone or buhr.
Samples of Meal sent on application.
Address
N. C. MILLSTONE CO.,
PARKEWOOD, MOORE CO., N. C.

LIPPINCOTT'S - LIPPINCOTT'S - LIPPINCOTT'S
Leads all other Magazines
In Tales of Fiction — A New Departure
Poems of Interest
Pleasing Short Stories
Interesting Miscellany — 25 cts.
Notes of Progress
NEARLY 200 PAGES IN EACH ISSUE — Choice Selections — Original Contributions — Topics of the Times — Terse Gems
A Complete New Novel — Superlative Merit
By some favorite author in each No.
Giving a library of 12 new and valuable works, worth from $15.00 to $18.00 annually, at the nominal sum of 25 cents per month. Subscription, $3.00 yearly. Stories by John Habberton, Frances Hodgson Burnett, Julian Hawthorne, Lucy C Lillie, etc., etc., will appear in early issues
Circulars, giving details, etc., mailed on application
J. B. LIPPINCOTT COMPANY
715 and 717 Market St., Philadelphia



After Forty years' experience in the preparation of more than One Hundred Thousand applications for patents in the United States and Foreign countries, the publishers of the Scientific American continue to act as solicitors for patents, caveats, trade-marks, copyrights, etc., for the United States, and to obtain patents in Canada, England, France, Germany, and all other countries. Their experience is unequaled and their facilities are unsurpassed.

Drawings and specifications prepared and filed in the Patent Office on short notice. Terms very reasonable. No charge for examination of models or drawings. Advice by mail free.

Patents obtained through Munn & Co. are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, which has the largest circulation and is the most influential newspaper of its kind published in the world. The advantages of such a notice every patentee understands.

This large and splendidly illustrated newspaper is published WEEKLY at $3.00 a year, and is admitted to be the best paper devoted to science, mechanics, inventions, engineering works, and other departments of industrial progress, published in any country. It contains the names of all patentees and title of every invention patented each week. Try it four months for one dollar. Sold by all newsdealers.

If you have an invention to patent write to Munn & Co., publishers of Scientific American, 361 Broadway, New York.

Handbook about patents mailed free.

JOHN F. STRATTON,
49 Maiden Lane, New York
Importer and Wholesale Dealer in all kinds of
ACCORDEONS.

JOHN F. STRATTON'S
Patent (June 7, 1887)
Sublime Harmonie, Duet, Silver Reed,
Solo Accordeons.
JOHN F. STRATTON,
Importer and Wholesale Dealer in Musical Merchandise,
49 Maiden Lane, New York,
Send for Catalogue, No Accordeons at retail. To be found in all Music Stores.

Sellers' Liver Pills.
Act Directly on the Liver.
CURES CHILLS AND FEVER, DYSPEPSIA, SICK HEADACHE, BILIOUS COLIC, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM, PILES, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, DIZZINESS, TORPID LIVER, COATED TONGUE, SLEEPLESSNESS, AND ALL DISEASES OF THE LIVER AND STOMACH. If you do not "feel very well," a single pill at bed-time stimulates the stomach, restores the appetite, imparts vigor to the system.
They cure all diseases like magic. Get the right kind SELLERS' LIVER PILLS. Sold by druggists. Send for circular.
SELLERS MEDICINE CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

AYER'S
Ague Cure
IS WARRANTED to cure Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, Dengue (or "Break-bone" Fever), Liver Complaint, and all diseases arising from Malarial poisons.

"Harpers, S. C., July 9, 1884.
"For eighteen months I suffered with Chills and Fever, having Chills every other day. After trying various remedies recommended to cure, I used a bottle of Ayer's Ague Cure, and have never since had a chill.
EDWIN HARPER."

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at GEO. P. ROWELL & CO'S Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in **NEW YORK.**

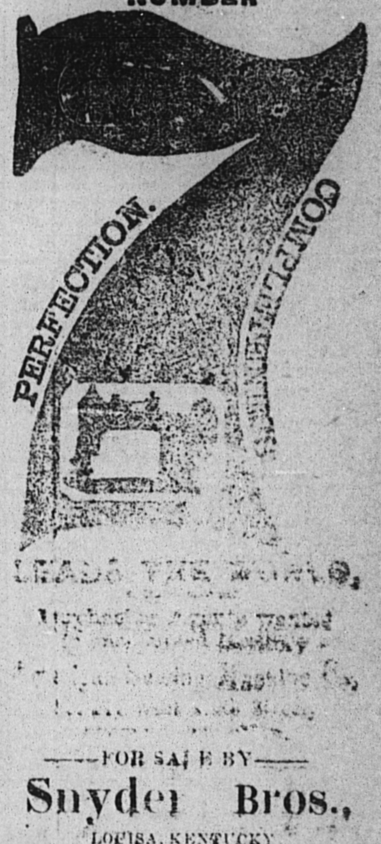
FOR
MAN AND
BEAST!
Mexican
Mustang
Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin Cracks,	
Corns,		

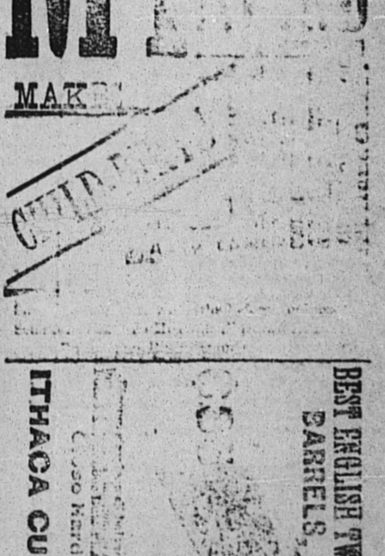
THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY
accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.
The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

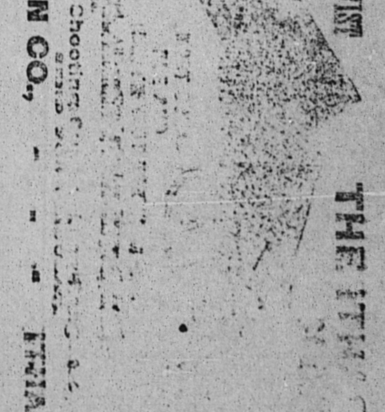
BEST OF ALL!
The New American
NUMBER



LEADS THE WORLD.

—FOR SALE BY—
Snyder Bros.,
LOUISA, KENTUCKY





ADVERTISERS or others who wish to examine this paper, or obtain estimates on advertising space when in Chicago, will find it on file at 45 to 49 Randolph St., the Advertising Agency of **LORD & THOMAS.**

THE HARPER TRIAL.

Four Days' Proceedings in This Famous Case.

Wilshire Says Harper Dealt in Chicago Wheat—Briggs Swift, President of the Fidelity Bank, and Others, Examined.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 29.—Edward L. Harper, vice president of the late Fidelity National Bank of Cincinnati, was this morning placed on trial in the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Ohio, Judges Jackson and Sage presiding, charged with criminal violation of almost every section of the U. S. Revised Statutes for the government of national banking institutions.

The names of the jurymen, upon whom so great a responsibility rests, are as follows:

Clarkson Butterworth, Wilmington, Clinton County; Z. D. Fisher, Madisonville, Hamilton County; Wm. Martindale, Xenia, Greene County; Raymond Gee, New Richmond, Clermont County; Edward Roberts, Harpersburg, Warren County; John Stevenson, Xenia, Greene County; Clark Taylor, Arabia, Lawrence County; John B. Turner, Laurel, Clermont County; Kiefer Westlake, Troy, Miami County; Silas Williamson, Bethany, Butler County; Jeremiah Wenger, Dayton, Montgomery County; Wm. Yingling, Hanging Rock, Lawrence County.

District Attorney Burnet made the statement of the case for the Government. He suggested that each of the jurors be furnished with a copy of the indictment, which was done. Mr. Burnet then proceeded to state what the Government expects to prove. He began by reading section 5209 under which Harper was indicted. The defendant is charged with the violation of every term of this section.

The District Attorney said the two general charges are misapplication and embezzlement. They would further show other specific charges. The various charges against Harper, which have been published over and over again, were referred to by Mr. Burnet. The misapplication, he said, covered quite a long period, but referred particularly to the year 1887. He claimed that Harper used Hopkins as a tool, and was also aided by J. W. Hoyt. The Government promised to prove that Harper had discounted worthless paper of the Riverside Iron and Steel Works, an insolvent concern; that he raised various large sums of money in a criminal way. Mr. Burnet reviewed all the points in the case in an elaborate way.

Major C. H. Blackburn, counsel for Harper, made the statement for the defense. Without the submission of a single point it is manifest that the matter presents an intricate commercial account. They would come to the same conclusion as himself, that it would be better to base the matter on the testimony that may be produced. When all was heard and all was produced he felt that Edward L. Harper would not be found guilty of a criminal violation of the banking laws of the United States.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 30.—The trial of E. L. Harper is rushing along with astonishing rapidity. Instead of taking four weeks to settle his fate, it now seems that the case will go to the jury in ten days.

C. J. Kershaw, the Chicago broker who was ruined by the wheat deal, was next called. He testified that he had been a grain merchant for thirty-five years. The witness identified three checks and said they bore the indorsement of his firm; also identified letters of advice; we drew a draft on the Fidelity bank for these checks and got the money. Received remittances from J. W. Wilshire; met Messrs. Hoyt, Wilshire, Dewar, Irwin, Swift and perhaps one or two others at American Exchange National Bank the 15th of last June; at that meeting received two drafts from Mr. Wilshire and Mr. Hoyt. They were for $100,000 each. They went to my credit in the American Exchange National Bank. The amount of wheat bought was 20,000,000, some on margin, the rest at option. The wheat was never delivered to Wilshire, Eckert & Co. Required 5 per cent. margin. Think the money received from Wilshire, Eckert & Co. came in drafts or credits issued from the Fidelity National Bank. Mr. Kershaw gave in detail from the statement of account the drafts which had been drawn on Wilshire, Eckert & Co. The prosecution offered in evidence a draft for $100,000, dated April 19, 1887, on the First National Bank of New York. Cross-examined: All the accounts opened with the bank was on account of Wilshire, Eckert & Co. and Hoyt; had no account with them on margins or wheat. Never met Mr. Harper—had no correspondence with him whatever. Redirect: The drafts I drew were always paid. The Government offered in evidence the letter of advice for $200,000 dated June 14, 1887, and the drafts for $100,000 each. I gave the letter and draft to the American Exchange Bank. The balance of the money in this bank was charged up in losses against us. After the money was deposited some of our checks were dishonored.

A. W. Green, of Irwin, Green & Co., grain brokers, of Chicago, was the next witness. Our firm had business with J. W. Hoyt, and made purchases of wheat for him. Can't say how much except that we had 7,090,000 bushels on hand June 24. May 24 we had the largest amount. Hoyt gave drafts as security for part payment and arranged for remainder. The margins went as high as 17c., but was variable. We collected the amount designed by letters of advice by draft from time to time as we needed the money. We collected all the amount indicated in the letter of advice except the last $200,000. We got $70,000 of that. Mr. Green referred to his account with the Fidelity National Bank, which was offered in evidence. The defense objected because of a memorandum at the bottom, but this was scratched off. The account showed that he had deposited with the Fidelity $792,348.71, and they drew $491,372.81. The Hoyt account with Irwin, Green & Co. was also offered by the Government. Cross-examined: Had no transactions with the Fidelity, as such; they were all with Mr. Hoyt; don't know Mr. Harper.

Joseph W. Wilshire sworn: Am a broker in grain and provisions. Know E. L. Harper. Mr. Wilshire identified a bundle of checks signed by Wilshire, Eckert & Co. and J. W. Wilshire & Co. A check dated October 12, 1886, First National Bank to J. W. Wilshire or order, $11,500, Wilshire, Eckert & Co., indorsed by J. W. Wilshire was offered in evidence. Mr. Wilshire testified that this check was used in the Fidelity Bank, and was placed either to the credit of J. W. Wilshire or Wilshire, Eckert & Co. Was not presented to the bank on which it was drawn. Was placed to our credit by direction of E. L. Harper. Bundles of checks handed to witness and examined. They (the checks) were used in the way of deposit in the Fidelity. I think in every case, as far as I can recall, they were deposited to Chicago brokers, our correspondents in Chicago, and taken out by them, I presume. They were received as deposits by Mr. Harper's instructions. I never deposited one without his direction. The deposits were for margins on wheat on Chicago. Q. What do you mean by that? A. We had bought wheat for Mr. Harper on his order, and as our Chicago correspondents required additional margin, we deposited in the Fidelity checks to the credit of their bank in Chicago. The credit was entered upon bank book. Q. Then your accounts on the books of the Fidelity would be credited by the amounts of these checks? A. Yes, sir. Q. How did you use the credit? A. In nearly every case these amounts were deposited to the credit of some Chicago house—deposited in the Fidelity. There may have been one or two exceptions where the deposits were in other than the Fidelity, but I can not now recall what the exceptions were, where we gave a certified check on the Fidelity, certified by the Fidelity and deposited in some other bank. I think that was done once or twice. Q. What relation did the amount which you had in the Fidelity bear to the amount of checks? A. Well, there never was that amount there at all. The understanding was, when we gave these checks, that they were to be taken care of by Mr. Harper, and not go to the bank. Q. Upon whose suggestion was the business conducted in that way? A. On Mr. Harper's suggestion. The examination went on at some length which was very damaging to Mr. Harper's case.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 1.—Joseph Wilshire was put through a rigid cross-examination to-day by Major Blackburn. He testified that the arrangement regarding the deposit of those checks were made with Mr. Harper alone. Did not post books up to last transaction because we could not get account-sales from our Chicago correspondents. Kept account with E. L. Harper as Mathews & Co; was instructed to do so by Mr. Harper. He gave orders to witness to purchase wheat; the limit was between 300,000 and 500,000 bushels; there was a limitation as to price. Had no interest direct or indirect in the purchase. Wilshire, Eckert & Co.'s account with the Fidelity bank began in March, 1886, and concluded the latter part of June, 1887. The wheat was purchased in Chicago, and on future option to be delivered at a future time. Was paid for by checks, letters of advice and drafts. The account with Harper in the name of Mathews began in 1881 and continued without interruption until the last of June, 1887. The amount of these transactions, according to the figures, is $65,000. This does not represent all the business. At the time of agreement Harper said he would furnish the several sums that might be needed. Did not understand that it was to come out of the funds of the Fidelity bank; Harper said he would furnish it himself. Knew Harper was a bank officer and that the agreement was made in the office of the bank. The first call for money was made in the summer of 1886. Don't remember the amount. Was made payable to witness by check on the Fidelity made payable to witness instead of his firm because Harper preferred it so. Had no interest in their wheat transactions save as a broker. The purchases of wheat were not made in the name of Harper but Wilshire, Eckert & Co. Never tried to negotiate a loan in Cleveland. Have 100 shares of Fidelity stock standing in my name. Borrowed money to pay for the stock. Afterward there was transferred to my name some 400 or 500 shares of stock by Harper to borrow money on to liquidate indebtedness arising out of the wheat purchase. Witness received eight promissory notes of $25,000 each, from J. V. Lewis payable at different times without interest. This money went to Chicago. The notes were payable to witness, but went in to the wheat deal by agreement between Lewis, Harper and Wilshire. Witness owed Harper money prior to the wheat deal, and deeded property on Walnut Hills to secure a loan. The aggregate of the checks drawn on the First National Bank of this city by witness and deposited with Harper was a little less than $300,000, and on the Merchant's National Bank, about $95,000. The aggregate of the amount drawn on the Fidelity was $150,000. January 31, 1887, Wilshire drew a check for Wilshire, Eckert & Co. for $17,500 on the First National Bank. On being asked the amount of their deposit there answered that their accounts varied so much could not say. Did not have a balance of $10,000. Drew the check knowing they had no such deposit there. I gave the check to Harper, and he held it as a memorandum against me. These checks were given with the understanding that they were to be taken care of by Harper, he knowing very well that I did not have that amount of money. Q. Well, then, explain (if these were all for the debts of Harper as an individual) why you were putting them in such a sacred form as is evidenced by these checks, and those checks drawn on another bank in which you knew you had no money? A. Simply because Harper suggested I should do so in order to facilitate the getting of funds to Chicago. Q. Then you were knowingly acting in connection with Harper in the obtaining of this credit? A. No, sir; I gave the checks to Harper because I thought he was abundantly able to take care of them, and he was holding them until such a time as the deal was ended; he said he would rather have these checks for the money than receipts. I merely looked on them as receipts.

Ebenezer Scofield, cashier of the First National Bank of New York City, with which the Fidelity had financial relations, was the next witness on the stand. Mr. Scofield testified that he made a loan to the Fidelity on certificates of deposite dated April 27 and 28 of $200,000 each. They came to his bank, he said, accompanied by letter and paper collateral. The letter was dated April 27 and accompanied a big block of notes of Riverside Iron and Steel Company, Swift's Iron and Steel Works, E. L. Harper & Co., C. Aultman & Co., Wilshire, Eckert & Co., Warder & Co., Champion Machine Company, Lee & Co., Warder, Bushnell & Co., the total being some $443,000. A letter was read from Harper asking the First National Bank for a wider line of credit by discount on two more certificates of $200,000. The reply of the bank was also read, giving the rates of discount and the rates of interest on reserves. A copy of the Fidelity's special and general accounts with Mr. Scofield's bank was offered in evidence, he verifying them. Q. Did you collect on any of the Fidelity collateral? A. Very much of it. Q. What is the amount of your claim against the receiver of the Fidelity? A. About $150,000. Cross-examination by Judge Wilson was very brief and only corroborative of examination in chief.

W. J. Quinlan, cashier of the Chemical National Bank of New York, was the next witness called to the stand. Our bank loaned to Fidelity on March 2, $300,000 on paper collateral and a certificate of deposit for that amount dated February 28, signed by Cashier Ammi Baldwin and indorsed by E. L. Harper. Harper never had a personal account in our bank. We received collaterals of the Fidelity Bank June 27, $1,000,000. All our advances to help the Fidelity pull through have been paid, and that bank doesn't owe us a cent to-day.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 2.—Ebenezer Schofield, Cashier First National Bank of New York City, testified that E. L. Harper had no personal account in his bank. The Fidelity had about $208,000 to its credit February 12. Collected about $100,000 on collaterals, which was applied to the payment of the loan.

General Eugene Powell, United States Bank Examiner for the Southern District of the State of Ohio, testified that he examined the Fidelity bank March 17, 1887, and found it in good condition. The aggregate cash resources were then $5,356,013.50, mostly notes and discounts. Examined the bank again on June 20, 1887. Soon after my arrival in the bank Harper and Hopkins came in; Baldwin was already there. I informed Cashier Baldwin that I was present for the purpose of looking into their affairs, expecting to make an examination. Harper must have overheard me; he was close by, and immediately came up and asked me to step aside a little from where Baldwin was. I did so. He asked me if I was going to make an examination. I said "yes." He told me he had written to the department, at Washington, stating that they had in some business ventures met with some losses, and he had just received a reply to his letter, which he said was very friendly, and which was to the effect that they were justified in having time to recover from legitimate losses in business. He showed me the letter stating that it ought to be sufficient for me to pass examination. He said he would give me the letter as authority for such passage. I looked the letter over and told him in my opinion it was not sufficient, and I felt bound to look further into their affairs. Then he asked me to telegraph the Comptroller, stating that the letter had been shown to me, and that in my opinion it was sufficient authority to grant them further time. I told him I could not do it, but that I would consider any reply of instructions he received; without positive orders to the contrary I proposed to make the examination. I then called for a statement from Cashier Baldwin as to the condition of the bank. By that time quite a number of the directors and other officers of the bank had arrived, and a considerable interchange of views as to the situation was going on. Soon after that I was looking over the books. I had the book of certificates of deposit, and noticed the last certificates of deposit that had been taken off. They were three in number. There was one for $300,000, and two for $200,000, making $700,000. The name of E. L. Harper was signed on the stubs for the amount, but the date was not given. I called out Briggs Swift, President of the bank, and called his attention to the amounts on the stubs. He looked at them carefully and said he had never seen them before; that it was a surprise to him. Afterward I called Mr. Harper's attention to them and asked for an explanation, he turned, shrugged his shoulders, made me no reply and walked off. When I got the statement of the bank's condition I asked what the item of cash consisted of, and they made a statement as to what it was. It was evidences of indebtedness on the part of Wilshire, Eckert & Co., E. L. Harper & Co., Swift's Iron and Steel Works and J. W. Wilshire & Co., the aggregate of which was something over $1,000,000. As it wasn't cash, it cut down the resources of the bank just to that extent. As a result of my investigation I notified the board of directors assembled, among whom was Harper, that, in my opinion, so much of their resources had been wasted I considered their bank insolvent, and felt it my duty at the close of business that day, June 20, to take possession of the bank. At the close of business I accordingly took charge of the keys of the safe.

Several of the bank clerks and bookkeepers were placed on the stand, but their testimony was of a nature involving the technical details of the business of the bank. Mr. Ashbrook testified that the day the bank closed E. L. Harper & Co.'s account was overdrawn $8,500, and Swift's Iron and Steel Works, $4,200.

Broker Kershaw was called, and in his testimony figured the loss in the wheat deal at the modest sum of $1,446,802.

Briggs Swift, President of the Fidelity Bank, sworn. In his testimony the witness said that he did not know that a certificate of deposit for $300,000 had been issued and forwarded to the Chemical Bank of New York and a loan thereon obtained; neither did he know that $113,000 of the bills discounted of the bank had been forwarded to the First National Bank of New York. Did not know that Harper was running the wheat deal until lately; he told me he was not. I asked him if he was buying wheat; he always said he was not. I told him it was rumored that he was, but he always contradicted it.

—At a gathering of a few ministers and others the other day in New York City, to utter some works of grateful mention and good cheer to Rev. Dr. Deems, some one declared that "an ounce of taffy" was worth more than a ton of epitaphy.

THE COMMONWEALTH.

JOHN J. CONNELLY, a large farmer within a few miles of Lexington, was fatally injured the other day by the explosion of the steam boiler of an engine used to pump water for his stock. It was occasioned by the freezing of water pipes so as to prevent water from entering the boiler.

THE Louisville Free Kindergarten Association was permanently organized the other afternoon. The work of establishing this new and highly beneficial institution in Louisville has been quietly conducted by a number of ladies for a long time.

COLONEL ISAAC WINGATE, one of the most prominent farmers of Franklin County, died at his home, Woodlake, the other morning at four o'clock, of apoplexy. Colonel Wingate was formerly a clerk in the office of the Auditor of State, and later was clerk of the Senate.

SHERIFF CLARK has paid into the State Treasury $408,000, the revenue of Jefferson County for 1887. The total revenue from all sources paid by Jefferson County for 1887 amounts to $743,859; the sum returned to the county for schools and other legal purposes, was $415,713; surplus to the credit of the county, $328,146.

THE boiler of an engine used by Graham & Conley to pump water at their large stock farm near Muir's, exploded the other evening, severely injuring Mr. Conley and an employe named Wheeler.

OWENSBORO had a $20,000 fire the other morning, with $5,800 insurance to cover losses. It began in a large brick warehouse valued at $5,000, and belonging to Hon. H. D. McHenry, of Hartford, who had no insurance.

NEW Kentucky Postmasters: William T. Cotton, Cottonburg, Madison County; Mrs. Etta Deaverick, Dekoven, Union County; McDonald Roberts, Gallup, Lawrence County; Richard Masterson, New Hope, Nelson County; Joseph S. Thomas, Pennebaker, Meade County.

J. W. HAYES, a sleek young colored man from Cincinnati, who has been teaching school at Sanders, Carroll County, was arrested a few days since by J. H. Carr, of Louisville, an officer connected with the United States Pension Department. Hayes, it is said, has been fleecing the ignorant Africans of that section out of considerable money, representing himself as a sort of agent or solicitor for the Government. Several of the swindled persons declined to appear against him, and it is not altogether probable that a case will be made out against him.

A NEW Christian church has just been instituted three miles south of Carrolton, at a cross-road. A big meeting resulted in seventy-eight additions at one swoop, and the church begins business with 105 members.

THE Shelby *News* is becoming alarmed at the carelessness of men who go out from the city with guns, and instead of shooting game bring down the unsuspecting farmer. In truth, there is a distressing number of people killed during the hunting season every year; but, as a general rule, the hunters themselves suffer more than the country people.

COLONEL J. SHELLY HUDSON, of Covington, has received his commission as Aide-de-camp on the staff of Governor Buckner.

ROBERT HALL, Lincoln Shackleford, Gilmore Cox and Clo Baughn, were jailed at Covington charged with being moonshiners.

THE other day a crowd of young sportsmen from Covington, started for the woods near De Courcey, intending to hunt for rabbits. While they were ascending a hill on the Highland pike, one of them named Joe Dickman accidentally slipped on the ice, and in his fall his gun was discharged. A little ahead of him was a companion, John Webber, who received the whole charge of shot full in the back. The gun was loaded to its full capacity with rather coarse shot, and the wound inflicted by it was a terrible one, Webber's back being all torn and lacerated. Recovery doubtful.

A DESTRUCTIVE fire occurred at Eminence, a few days ago. Several business places were destroyed.

THE drought has left a large number of people in Simpson County in circumstances in which assistance is necessary.

REV. J. E. WRIGHT, of the M. E. Church South, said in his Thanksgiving sermon at Frankfort that "our system of common schools should be honored as the fairest child of the United States."

GOVERNOR BUCKNER has designated Friday, January 27, for the execution of Wm. Patterson for the murder of Jennie Bowman.

THE first snow of the season fell at Paris on the night of the 28th to the depth of five inches, and next morning the thermometer registered five degrees below zero. The following morning the weather was warm and the thermometer seventy degrees above zero. This is the most sudden change ever known there—seventy-five degrees in twenty hours.

THE Chicago, Cincinnati and South Atlantic proposes to buy the Chattaroi road, and extend it from Richardson, in Lawrence County, the present terminus, by way of Paintsville, in Johnson County, thence up the west fork of the Big Sandy to the breaks through the mountains, then down the eastern slope, with Charleston, S. C., as its objective point.

THE State exhibition of mineral and other natural resources of Kentucky, which the State Industrial and Commercial Executive Committee is organizing to be held in Louisville next June, promises, from the start, to be a success. Intimations have already been received from Paducah, Bowling Green, Winchester, Ashland, Henderson and Pineville that those enterprising and booming towns will send up splendid exhibits of the riches in their immediate localities and of their manufactured products.

ROBERT GEORGE, colored, was bound over to circuit court at Mt. Vernon for perjury. The alleged offense was committed before the grand jury in shielding violators of the local option law. Friends of local option have commenced a raid on this class of offenders, who have heretofore prevented convictions of liquor sellers. George gave bond and was released.

AT Louisville Judge Toney decided an important case to all wage-workers concerning garnishees. He decided that the Legislature clearly intended to make no distinction between farming classes and the working classes, and that the latter's wages, in lieu of his possessing less property than is entitled to exemption by law, is also clearly exempted as if it had been money in his possession.

FRANK FLOYD, the oldest and boldest moonshiner in Kentucky, was captured in Adair County a few days ago. The United States authorities have been trying to capture Floyd for years.

IN Henderson County, a Mrs. Martin and her two children perished in their burning cabin.

VERSAILLES is certainly undergoing a siege of religious revivals this fall. First came two weeks of revivals in the Christian church, where there were forty-five additions; then two weeks of Baptist revivals, with twenty-five additions. The 29th witnessed the inception of an unlimited meeting at the Presbyterian church, conducted by Dr. E. L. Guerrant, assisted by Rev. G. H. Rout.

THE following Kentucky postmasters were appointed a few days ago: John A. Pittman, Indian Creek, Knox County; Thos. J. Baldock, Labascus, Casey County.

WITHIN the next month the survivors of Walker's Nicaraguan expedition will hold a reunion in Louisville.

BEFORE IT IS BORN.

Some Startling Statements of General Interest!

Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, on being asked when the training of a child should begin, replied, "A hundred years before it is born."

Are we to infer from this that this generation is responsible for the condition of the race a hundred years from now?

Is this wonderful generation the natural result of the proper diet and medicines of a hundred years ago?

It is conceded in other lands that most of the wonderful discoveries of the world in this century have come from this country. Our ancestors were reared in log cabins, and suffered hardships and trials.

But they lived and enjoyed health to a ripe old age. The women of those days would endure hardship without apparent fatigue that would startle those of the present age.

Why was it?

One of the proprietors of the popular remedy known as Warner's safe cure, has been faithfully investigating the cause, and has called to his aid scientists as well as medical men, impressing upon them the fact that there can not be an effect without a cause. This investigation disclosed the fact that in the olden times simple remedies were administered, compounded of herbs and roots, which were gathered and stored in the lofts of the log cabins, and when sickness came on, these remedies from nature's laboratory, were used with the best effects.

What were these remedies? What were they used for? After untiring and diligent search they have obtained the formulas so generally used for various disorders.

Now the question is, how will the olden time preparations affect the people of this age, who have been treated, under modern medical schools and codes, with poisonous and injurious drugs. This test has been carefully pursued, until they are convinced that the preparations they now call Warner's Log Cabin Remedies are what our much abused systems require.

Among them is what is known as Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla, and they frankly announce that they do not consider the Sarsaparilla of so much value in itself as it is in the combination of the various ingredients which together work marvelously upon the system. They also have preparations for other diseases, such as "Warner's Log Cabin Cough and Consumption Remedy," "Log Cabin Hops and Buchu Remedy," "Warner's Log Cabin Scalpine" for the hair. They have great confidence that they have a cure for the common disease of catarrh, which they give the name of "Log Cabin Rose Cream." Also a "Log Cabin Plaster," which they are confident will supplant all others, and a Liver Pill, to be used separately or in connection with the other remedies.

We hope that the public will not be disappointed in these remedies but will reap a benefit from the investigations, and that the proprietors will not be embarassed in their introduction by dealers trying to substitute remedies that have been so familiar to the shelves of our druggists. This line of remedies will be used instead of others. Insist upon your druggist getting them for you if he hasn't them yet in stock, and we feel confident that these new remedies will receive approbation at our readers' hands, as the founders have used every care in their preparation.

IN a school they have to keep up the interest of the scholars in order to pay the principal.—*Merchant Traveler.*

Don't Give up the Ship.

You have been told that consumption is incurable; that when the lungs are attacked by this terrible malady, the sufferer is past all help, and the end is a mere question of time. You have noted with alarm the unmistakable symptoms of the disease; you have tried all manner of so-called cures in vain, and you are now despondent and preparing for the worst. But don't give up the ship while Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery remains untried. It is not a cure-all, nor will it perform miracles, but it has cured thousands of cases of consumption, in its earlier stages, where all other means had failed. Try it, and obtain a new lease of life.

THE man who pitches pennies throws his money away—if he loses.—*Puck.*

Dispossessed.

To dispossess billiousness and constipation, two most disorderly inmates of the bodily tenement, serve a peremptory writ of ejectment upon them with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Then "they must go." Sometimes they resist, but it is usually a weak effort. Eventually they are obliged to vamose the ranch. So are fever and ague, rheumatic and nervous ailments, when the same means is used.

A NEW color in ladies' dress goods is called "spanked baby." It is used in bawl dresses. —*New Haven News.*

A Dish of New P's.

P stands for Pudding, for Peach and for Pear,
And likewise for Poetry and Prose;
The Parrot, the Pigeon that flies in the air,
The Pig with a ring in his nose;
For Paper and Pen, for Printer and Press,
For Physic, and People who sell it;
But when you are sick, to relieve your distress
Take at once Pierce's Purgative Pellet.

Oh, yes, indeed! These are the P's for you, poor, sick man or woman. Nothing like them for keeping the bowels and stomach regulated and in order—tiny, sugar-coated granules, scarcely larger than mustard seeds. They work gently but thoroughly.

SIMPLY to conceal the truth is a lie in ambush.—*Burlington Free Press.*

A COUGH, COLD, OR SORE THROAT should not be neglected. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are a simple remedy, and give prompt relief. 25 cts. a box.

A SELECT affair—a first-class oyster stew. —*Merchant Traveler.*

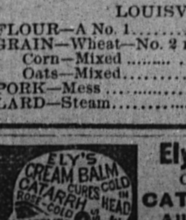
THEY disappear like hot cakes before a St. Louis tramp—"Tansill's Punch" 5c. Cigar.

ROPED IN—the man who is hanged.—*Charleston Enterprise.*

MANY imitators, but no equal, has Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

THE MARKETS.

	CINCINNATI, Dec. 5.	
LIVE STOCK—Cattle—Common	$1 00	@ 1 75
Choice Butchers	3 00	@ 3 75
HOGS—Common	3 10	@ 4 45
Good Packers	5 20	@ 5 45
SHEEP—Good to choice	3 50	@ 4 25
LAMBS—Good to choice	4 50	@ 5 25
FLOUR—Family	3 30	@ 3 50
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red		@ 86
No. 3 red	84	@ 85
Corn—No. 2 mixed		@ 55
Oats—No. 2 mixed		@ 34
Rye—No. 2		@ 70
HAY—Timothy No. 1	13 50	@14 00
TOBACCO—Medium Leaf	10 25	@14 75
Good Leaf	15 00	@19 75
PROVISIONS—Pork—Mess	15 50	@15 62½
Lard—Prime Steam	7 20	@ 7 27½
BUTTER—Choice dairy	19	@ 20
Prime to Choice Creamery	27	@ 28
APPLES—Prime, per barrel	2 25	@ 2 75
POTATOES—Per barrel, prime	2 50	@ 2 75
	NEW YORK.	
FLOUR—State and Western	3 00	@ 3 40
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 Chicago		@ 87¾
No. 2 red	90½	@ 90¾
Corn—No. 2 mixed	62	@ 62½
Oats—Mixed	36	@ 39½
PORK—New Mess	15 25	@15 75
LARD—Western Steam		@ 7 72½
	CHICAGO.	
FLOUR—Wisconsin winter	3 50	@ 4 00
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red	78½	@ 79
No. 2 Chicago Spring	78¼	@ 78½
Corn No. 2		@ 49½
Oats No. 2	29¾	@ 30
PORK—Mess	14 50	@14 75
LARD—Steam	7 30	@ 7 32½
	BALTIMORE.	
FLOUR—Family	3 60	@ 3 65½
GRAIN—Wheat No. 2	85	@ 85¾
Corn—Mixed		@ 57½
Oats—Mixed	34	@ 35
PORK—Mess		@15 00
LARD—Refined		@ 8¼
CATTLE—First quality	3 37½	@ 4 00
HOGS	6 87½	@ 7 00
	INDIANAPOLIS.	
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red		@ 81¼
Corn—Mixed		@ 51
Oats—Mixed		@ 33
	LOUISVILLE.	
FLOUR—A No. 1	3 75	@ 3 90
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red		@ 83
Corn—Mixed		@ 52
Oats—Mixed		@ 33½
PORK—Mess		@17 00
LARD—Steam		@ 9 00



Ely's Cream Balm
Cleanses the head of
CATARRHAL VIRUS,
Allays Inflammation,
HEALS THE SORES,
Restores the senses of Taste and Smell.
Apply Balm into each nostril.
ELY BROS., 235 Greenwich St., N.Y.

ST. JACOBS OIL

First Stroke of Pain
EVERY YEAR TO THOUSANDS.

The Class.—Fifty million population. Pain for the first time to one in every ten. Five million need relief. How? Promptly, permanently. Certainty of cure at reasonable cost. How to find out? On reputation, through experiment, by proof.

The Merits.—Example.—Take up St. Jacobs Oil, the Great Remedy for Pain. Its superior merits known to all the world. Experience shows its merits through its efficacy.

The Efficacy.—1. Its effects are prompt. 2. Its relief is sure. 3. Its cures are permanent. 4. It cures chronic cases of as long standing as 40 years. 5. Its cures are without relapse, without return of pain. 6. It cures in all cases used according to directions. 7. In every bottle there's a cure, in every application a relief.

The Proof.—1. The testimony cannot be disputed. 2. It has been renewed after lapse of years. 3. No return of pain in years. 4. It has cured in all ages and conditions. 5. It has cured all forms of suffering. 6. It has cured all stages of painful ailments. 7. It has cured cases considered hopeless. 8. It has caused crutches and canes to be thrown away. 9. Its best cures are chronic cases.

The Price.—1. The best always first and cheapest. 2. The best is the promptest, safest, surest, most permanent. 3. The benefits derived are beyond price. 4. Examples show that no competition can show like results. 5. It is the best.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers Everywhere.
The Charles A. Vogeler Co., Balto., Md.

COCKLES ANTI BILIOUS PILLS
THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY
For Liver, Bile, Indigestion, etc. Free from Mercury; contains only Pure Vegetable Ingredients. Agents: MESSRS. FULLER & FULLER CO., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED: 500 COPIES
Hill's Manual of Social and Business Forms
in every county. Every home buys it because it needs it for reference every day. A great harvest for agents. Secure territory quickly for the new, revised and enlarged 45th edition. Address, for circulars with full particulars, HILL STANDARD BOOK CO., PUBLISHERS, 103 STATE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

GUNS Single Breech Loaders, $3.75, $9.00 and $11. Double, $8, $10.75, $13.50 and upwards. Fishing Tackle, Pocket Cutlery and General Sporting Goods. Send for 163 page Ill. Catalogue. CHARLES B. PROUTY & CO. 63 & 65 Washington Street, Chicago, Ill.

SOLDIERS all get Pensions, if ½ disabled; Officers' pay, bounty collected; Deserters relieved; 22 years' practice; success or no fee. LAWS SENT FREE. A. W. McCORMICK & SON, Cincinnati, O., & Washington, D.C.

100 PER CENT PROFIT and SAMPLES FREE to men canvassers for Dr. Scott's Genuine Electric Belts, Brushes, etc. Lady agents wanted for Electric Corsets. Quick sales. Write for terms. Dr. Scott, 842 Broadway, N.Y.

CHAMPION HAY PRESSES!
Both Lever and Belt Power. Send for Circulars with Prices. Address FAMOUS MANUFACTURING CO., QUINCY, ILLINOIS.

BOOSEY'S Cheap Music BOOKS. BOOSEY'S FINE BAND Instruments. Catalogues free by mail. 25 Union Square, N.Y. City.

FREE for 1 yr. on trial LUM SMITH'S (16pp) HERALD, Phila., Pa. Send 12c. for 1 year's postage, and join our CONUNDRUM CLUB. Big Prizes.

HOME STUDY. Book-keeping, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Shorthand, etc., thoroughly taught by mail. Circulars free. BRYANT'S COLLEGE, Buffalo, N.Y.

$230 A MONTH. Agents Wanted. 90 best selling articles in the world. 1 sample Free. Address JAY BRONSON, Detroit, Mich.

VIRGINIA FARMS and MILLS SOLD and exchanged. Free Catalogue. R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Richmond, Va.

MUSIC SEND FOR CATALOGUE. C. HEARNE, Box 1481, New York.

RADWAY'S PILLS
The Great Liver and Stomach Remedy
For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Costiveness, Indigestion, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the internal viscera. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals or deleterious drugs.
Price, 25 cents per box. Sold by all druggists.
PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking Radway's Pills. By so doing SICK HEADACHE, Dyspepsia, Foul Stomach, Biliousness will be avoided and the food that is eaten contribute its nourishing properties for the support of the natural waste of the body.

DYSPEPSIA.
DR. RADWAY'S PILLS are a cure for this complaint. They restore strength to the stomach and enable it to perform its functions. The symptoms of Dyspepsia disappear, and with them the liability of the system to contract diseases. Take the medicine according to directions, and observe what we say in "False and True" respecting diet.
A few extracts from the many letters we are constantly receiving:
Dr. A. C. Middlebrook, Doraville, Ga.: "I use them in my practice and family in preference to all other Pills."
Mrs. Caroline Monteith, Deer Creek, Ind.: "I believe my life has been saved by your medicine. Have long been suffering with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint."
H. A. Carr, P. M., Escambia, Ala.: "Best Pills he has ever used."
E. Hummel, Boonville, Mo.: Cured him when all others failed.
Alice E. Ohaver, Mt. Storm, W. Va.: "I positively say that Radway's are the best Pills I ever had for Dyspepsia."
Send a letter stamp to DR. RADWAY & CO., No. 32 Warren St., New York, for "False and True."

DRESS MAKERS
FIND THE LATEST STYLES
—IN—
L'Art De La Mode.
5 COLORED PLATES.
ALL THE LATEST PARIS AND NEW YORK FASHIONS.
Order it of your News-dealer or send 35 cents for latest number to W. J. MORSE, Publisher, 3 East 19th St., New York.

4 MAGAZINES ★FOR THE★ YOUNG
from baby to grown ups; best for the several ages; Babyland, The Pansy, Our Little Men and Women, Wide Awake. What do they cost? Send 15 cents for samples of all or 5 for any one. You can get them all, if you like, for a little work.
D. LOTHROP COMPANY, BOSTON.

MEMORY
Wholly unlike artificial systems.
Any book learned in one reading.
Recommended by MARK TWAIN, RICHARD PROCTOR, the Scientist, Hons. W. W. ASTOR, JUDAH P. BENJAMIN, Dr. MINOR, &c. Class of 100 Columbia Law students; two classes of 200 each at Yale; 400 at University of Penn., Phila.; 400 at Wellesley College, and three large classes at Chautauqua University, &c. Prospectus POST FREE from PROF. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., N.Y.

JONES
HE
PAYS the FREIGHT
5 Ton Wagon Scales,
Iron Levers, Steel Bearings, Brass Tare Beam and Beam Box for
$60.
Every size Scale. For free price list mention this paper and address
JONES OF BINGHAMTON,
BINGHAMTON, N.Y.

PROSPEROUS. North Dakota never had better crops than those just harvested. Many opportunities to secure fine Government lands recently surveyed, near excellent coal fields and adjacent to railroads. Maps and full particulars, free, upon application to C. H. WARREN, Gen. Pass. Agt. St. Paul, Minn.

SUCCESS. Are you mortgaged, paying heaving rents, or running behind? Can you move to new location? Excellent lands, cheap, which will increase in value several fold in five years. No other such opportunities existing. Full particulars, free, upon application to C. H. WARREN, Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Paul, Minn.

FAILURE OF CROPS is an unknown experience in Central and Northern Dakota and Minnesota. Maps and full particulars regarding lands, prices, etc., sent free. Address C. H. WARREN, Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Paul, Minn.

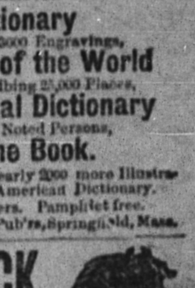
$5 TO $8 A DAY. Samples worth $1.50 FREE. Lines not under the horse's feet. Write BREWSTER SAFETY REIN HOLDER CO., Holly, Mich.

Mexican Mustang Liniment
CURES
Sciatica, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Stings, Bites, Bruises, Bunions, Corns,
Scratches, Sprains, Strains, Stitches, Stiff Joints, Backache, Galls, Sores, Spavin Cracks,
Contracted Muscles, Eruptions, Hoof Ail, Screw Worms, Swinney, Saddle Galls, Piles, Caked Breasts
For MAN or BEAST, Rub it in VIGOROUSLY!!

IN THE SELECTION OF
A CHOICE GIFT
For Pastor, Parent, Teacher, Child, or Friend, both elegance and usefulness will be found combined in a copy of Webster's Unabridged.

Besides many other valuable features, it contains
A Dictionary
of 118,000 Words, 3000 Engravings,
A Gazetteer of the World
locating and describing 25,000 Places,
A Biographical Dictionary
of nearly 10,000 Noted Persons,
All in One Book.
3000 more Words and nearly 2000 more Illustrations than any other American Dictionary.
Sold by all Booksellers. Pamphlet free.
G. & C. MERRIAM & CO., Pub'rs, Springfield, Mass.

LIVE STOCK CUTS.
We will furnish duplicates of LIVE STOCK CUTS or any other Cut shown in any Specimen Book, at or below quoted prices for same.
A. N. Kellogg Newspaper Co.
Electrotypers and Stereotypers,
177 & 179 Elm Street,
CINCINNATI.



WEAK, NERVOUS PEOPLE
And others suffering with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Kidney and all Chronic Diseases are positively cured by Dr. Horne's famous ELECTRO-MAGNETIC BELT. Thousands in every State in the Union have been cured. ELECTRICITY instantly felt. Patented and sold 10 years. Whole family can wear same belt. ELECTRIC SUSPENSORIES free with male belts. Avoid worthless imitations. ELECTRIC TRUSSES FOR RUPTURE. 300 cured in '86. Send stamp for pamphlet.
DR. W. J. HORNE, Inventor, 191 Wabash Av., Chicago.

$100 to $300 A MONTH can be made working for us. Agents preferred who can furnish their own horses and give their whole time to the business. Spare moments may be profitably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and cities. B. F. JOHNSON & CO., 1013 Main St., Richmond, Va.

INFORMATION about LANDS, CLIMATE, PRODUCTS, etc., of Arkansas. Sent free. Address THOS. ESSEX or T. B. GIBSON, Land Commissioners, LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

BONE MEAL for Poultry, Granulated Bone and Crushed Oyster Shells. Send for Price List. YORK CHEMICAL WORKS, York, Pa.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. Dr. J. Stephens, Lebanon, O.

A.N.K.—E. 1164

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets
SIZE OF PELLETS.
THE ORIGINAL LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!
Always ask for Dr. Pierce's Pellets, or Little Sugar-coated Granules or Pills.

BEING ENTIRELY VEGETABLE, Dr. Pierce's Pellets operate without disturbance to the system, diet, or occupation. Put up in glass vials, hermetically sealed. Always fresh and reliable. As a LAXATIVE, ALTERATIVE, or PURGATIVE, these little Pellets give the most perfect satisfaction.

SICK HEADACHE,
Billious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Billious Attacks, and all derangements of the stomach and bowels, are promptly relieved and permanently cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. In explanation of the remedial power of these Pellets over so great a variety of diseases, it may truthfully be said that their action upon the system is universal, not a gland or tissue escaping their sanative influence. Sold by druggists, for 25 cents a vial. Manufactured at the Chemical Laboratory of WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

BOILS CURED.
WILLIAM RAMICH, Esq., of *Minden, Kearney County, Nebraska*, writes: "I was troubled with boils for thirty years. Four years ago I was so afflicted with them that I could not walk. I bought two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets, and took one 'Pellet' after each meal, till all were gone. By that time I had no boils, and have had none since. I have also been troubled with sick headache. When I feel it coming on, I take one or two 'Pellets,' and am relieved of the headache."

THE BEST CATHARTIC.
Mrs. C. W. BROWN, of *Wapakoneta, Ohio*, says: "Your 'Pleasant Purgative Pellets' are without question the best cathartic ever sold. They are also a most efficient remedy for torpor of the liver. We have used them for years in our family, and keep them in the house all the time."

FOR A CASE OF CATARRH WHICH THEY CAN NOT CURE.

SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.
Dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges falling from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; the eyes are weak, watery, and inflamed; there is ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with scabs from ulcers; the voice is changed and has a nasal twang; the breath is offensive; smell and taste are impaired; there is a sensation of dizziness, with mental depression, a hacking cough and general debility. However, only a few of the above-named symptoms are likely to be present in any one case. Thousands of cases annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, result in consumption, and end in the grave. No disease is so common, more deceptive and dangerous, less understood, or more unsuccessfully treated by physicians.
By its mild, soothing, and healing properties,
DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY
CURES THE WORST CASES OF
Catarrh, "Cold in the Head," Coryza, and Catarrhal Headache.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
PRICE, 50 CENTS.

UNTOLD AGONY FROM CATARRH.
Prof. W. HAUSNER, the famous mesmerist, of *Ithaca, N. Y.*, writes: "Some ten years ago I suffered untold agony from chronic nasal catarrh. My family physician gave me up as incurable, and said I must die. My case was such a bad one, that every day, towards sunset, my voice would become so hoarse I could barely speak above a whisper. In the morning my coughing and clearing of my throat would almost strangle me. By the use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, in three months, I was a well man, and the cure has been permanent."

CONSTANTLY HAWKING AND SPITTING.
THOMAS J. RUSHING, Esq., *2902 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.*, writes: "I was a great sufferer from catarrh for three years. At times I could hardly breathe, and was constantly hawking and spitting, and for the last eight months could not breathe through the nostrils. I thought nothing could be done for me. Luckily, I was advised to try Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and I am now a well man. I believe it to be the only sure remedy for catarrh now manufactured, and one has only to give it a fair trial to experience astounding results and a permanent cure."

THREE BOTTLES CURE CATARRH.
ELI ROBBINS, *Runyan P. O., Columbia Co., Pa.*, says: "My daughter had catarrh when she was five years old, very badly. I saw Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy advertised, and procured a bottle for her, and soon saw that it helped her; a third bottle effected a permanent cure. She is now eighteen years old and sound and hearty."